FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

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THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LX.—NO. 140. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,372

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

Port Almanac—Sept. 1.

Sun Rises	5.31 A M
Sun Sets	6.38 P M
Day's Length	13 h 07 m
High Water at Southport	9 33 A M
High Water at Wilmington	11.12 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE.
WEATHER BUREAU.
WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 1.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 78°; 8 p. m., 79°; maximum, 85°; minimum, 73°; mean, 78°.

Rainfall for the day, .07; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 3.50.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p.m. August 31st, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

The Northwest storm area has gained energy and moved to central over Nebraska, but has caused little or no rain under it as yet. A high barometer area prevails over the Middle Atlantic coast, with light local thunder showers reported under its edge over North Carolina and Virginia. Light showers are also reported along the Gulf coast, the lower lakes and in the upper Missouri valley. Fair weather is mostly noted to-night over nearly all sections, with cooler temperatures over the lakes, thence east and as far south as North Carolina. The temperature continues high over the West and South.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina, fair, preceded by showers in the early morning on the coast; variable winds, becoming easterly.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Local showers fell generally over nearly all districts of the cotton belt. Heavy rainfall, 1.38 inches at Knoxville, Tenn., and 1.06 inches at Memphis, Tenn. The weather is partly cloudy and cooler this morning. Wilmington was the coolest place in the district Monday. The maximum temperature was 99°. At Goldsboro and Newbern the maximum was 91; Lumberton, 98; Weldon and Charlotte, 96, and Greensboro, 97.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Aug. 30.—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 2.9 feet.

OUTLINES.

Seth Low, president of Columbia College, is the Citizens Union candidate for mayor of Greater New York. —— It is estimated that $5,000 000 have been shipped the past fortnight from New York to the South to move crops. —— New York dry goods market shows no change; the tone is well sustained. —— The suspension of E. B. Cuthbert & Co., New York, is announced. —— The Bureau reports cotton doing well in Georgia, Mississippi, and portions of North Carolina. —— The schooner Three Brothers sunk in collision with the steamer Potomac in Chesapeake bay. —— The U. S. gunboat Wilmington is at Jacksonville, Fla., watching the steamer Soledad. —— American Line steamer St. Paul has again reduced her time between New York and Southampton by about an hour and a half. —— Three witnesses examined in the Luetgert murder trial at Chicago. —— The Democratic State convention of Pennsylvania nominated W. R. Ritter for auditor-general and M. E. Brown for State treasurer; the Chicago platform was reiterated and affirmed. —— Returns up to 10 o'clock last night indicated that McLaurin would be nominated by Democrats of South Carolina for U. S. Senator. —— One hundred strikers had a battle with a crowd of miners at Washington, Ind.; a number of men were painfully injured. —— The Labor convention at St. Louis, by resolution, calls upon every union man and every friend of labor to contribute the earnings of next Friday, Sept 3d, to the support of the striking miners; also, that if the strike is not ended by Sept. 20th a general convention of all labor organizations be held in Chicago, Sept. 27, to consider further measures. —— President Faure arrived yesterday in Paris on his return from Russia; ten minutes after he passed the Madeline, a bomb exploded; nobody was injured. —— A handsome young woman, a stranger, committed suicide in the Victoria hotel, Chicago. —— Large rewards have been offered for the arrest of moonshiners in Arkansas concerned in the killing of U. S. deputy marshals, and posses are in pursuit of the murderers. —— An engineer and fireman killed in the wreck of a coal train near Birmingham, Ala. —— The free silver State Convention of Nebraska will meet to day at Lincoln. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1@1½ per cent., last loan at 1½ and closed offered at 1@1½ per cent.; cotton quiet—middling 8c; flour dull and featureless at old price; wheat—spot steady; No. 2 red 90⅝c afloat; corn—spot steady; No. 2 36c at elevator and 36¾c afloat; rosin was steady—strained common to good $1 45@1.50; spirits turpentine firm at 28¾@30¼c.

Russia doesn't pay its Czar any wages, but with the $30,000 a day income he derives from the million square miles of land which he inherited he manages to worry along.

The Southern States appropriate a little more than $1,000,000 in pensions to ex Confederate soldiers, more than half of which is paid by the State of Georgia.

The West Virginia farmer who committed suicide by drinking twenty bottles of essence of cinnamon, was wild in his extravagance. He might have done it with one bottle of "rough on rats."

The gunboat Wilmington returned to Jacksonville, Fla., yesterday and took up her anchorage not far from the steamer Soledad, which a dispatch from Chicago says will take an ex edition to Cuba. The Soledad, however, is still undergoing repairs and cannot sail anywhere for several months.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

An interesting murder trial is now in progress in Chicago. The wife of a wealthy sausage manufacturer disappeared, and he was charged with murdering her and destroying her body in an acid vat. When the vat was examined only a bone and a hank of hair remained. The question to be determined is was this bone of her bone and hank of her hair. He says she has disappeared and is now in Germany, where he is having search made for her, but his neighbors believe he murdered her and melted her body in the acid vat. The first report was that her body was ground up in a sausage mill.

For some time seafaring men have been pouring oil upon the troubled waters, and now the railroad men are laying the dust with it. Experiments have proved so satisfactory that the Pennsylvania road is going to sprinkle its lines with kerosene, which in the crude state is about as cheap as good water up there and almost as plentiful, if not moreso.

L. E Henderson, a bicycler of Ellesburg, N. Y., doesn't believe in working his passage when he can help it and has sail rig for his bike, which he uses when the breeze favors, and scuds along at fine speed. It is a little awkward to manage this land yacht at first, but with a little experience it comes easy enough.

Kaiser William seems to be a right hard man for his ministers of state to get along with. In the nine years in which he has reigned he has had as Emperor of Germany and King of Prussia thirty four ministerial changes. His first bounce was Bismarck, whom he retired to private life.

It is said that about 5,000 people are waiting to get through the mountain passes, now almost impassable, into the Klondike region, and that not one of them can get through. Many of them are becoming discouraged and are selling their outfits for a tenth of what they cost.

With last week's issue the Sanford *Express* entered upon its twelfth year. We are glad to learn that this excellent paper, which is doing good service for the section in which it is published, is meeting with encouragement, growing in popularity and increasing in circulation and usefulness.

The French people seem to have more fondness for dogs than children. The number of registered dogs has increased from 1,800,000 in 1873, to 2,650,000. These figures will not change the opinion of people who think that France is "going to the dogs."

Americans have gone right over into Canada and captured the contract to build that 7,000 foot iron and steel railroad bridge at Montreal. It will have two railway tracks, two trolley ways and two footpaths.

Bro. Pulitzer, of the New York *World*, is showing symptoms of going over to the Republican party. If he did it would make Bro. Dana very unhappy. Pulitzer, next to Cleveland, is one of Dana's pet aversions.

A nineteen-year old boy has just died in a hospital in New Jersey after living and puzzling the doctors for three weeks with a broken neck. An X ray photograph showed a fracture of the fifth vertebrate.

The statement comes from Paris that since the adoption of the serum treatment for diphtheria there are less than one fourth the deaths from that disease that there were under previous treatment.

Dollar wheat is a good thing for the wheat growers, and it is also a good thing for the Republican party, which is banking pretty heavy now on that kind of wheat.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. H. C.—Land for sale.
W. B. COOPER—Don't forget.
W. C. MITCHELL—Roof painting.
MEETING—Oaslow Land Investm't Co.
KING GROCERY CO—How do you know?

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cent

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Spirits turpentine advanced another quarter of a cent yesterday. Quotations, 27 and 26½ cents.

— Mr. Marcus Gray, the young man who was accidentally shot some time since, is recovering rapidly from the effects of the wound.

— A meeting of the stockholders of the Oaslow Land and Investment Co. is called for Tuesday, Sept. 14, by the President, Dr. E. Porter.

— Manager Jo. Hinton is bent on making the ball game a success Friday afternoon. Six surgeons, four umpires and ten scorers have been engaged.

— Justice McGowan yesterday rendered his decision in favor of the defendants in the case of Giles Cannon, colored, vs. Shutt & Ferguson, action brought by plaintiff to obtain wages.

— Help the Catherine Kennedy Home by attending the base ball game at Hilton Park Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock. The Married Men and the Single Men will contend for the mastery.

— The British steamship *Hawkhurst*, Capt. Watson, which has been in quarantine several days, came up to the city yesterday. She is from Rio and will be loaded with cotton by Messrs. Alex. Sprunt & Son.

— Wm. Stevenson and Kate Stevenson, both colored, man and wife, were tried by Justice Bunting yesterday for disorderly conduct. Stevenson was let off upon payment of costs, but his wife was fined $5 and costs.

— Raleigh *News and Observer:* "Was it a cancer? The tumor recently cut from Gov. Russell's face is being examined under microscope by Drs. Battle and Hubert Royster, to find out whether or not it is cancerous."

— Note the ad of the King Grocery Company, Fourth street bridge. Buyers are urged to test the truth of the Company's claims by going to see for themselves. A fine variety of groceries is kept constantly on hand and sold on the basis of large sales and small profits.

— William Holmes, colored, was arraigned before Justice G W. Bornemann yesterday morning on the charge of committing assault and battery on his wife. He submitted to the charge and judgment was suspended on the payment of costs.

— Dr. J. C. Shepard and Justices R. H. Bunting and J. R Melton, a commission *de lunatico enquirendo*, will sit this afternoon and investigate two charges of lunacy; one against Bill Ames, the white youth who attempted suicide last Friday afternoon, and the other against Mary Hayes, colored.

BASE BALL.

The National League—Result of Yesterday's Games and Other Interesting Features.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Baltimore, 12; St. Louis, 8.
Boston, 8; Chicago, 8.
Washington, 8; Pittsburg, 4.
Philadelphia, 5; Louisville, 4.
Brooklyn, 9; Cleveland, 4.
New York, 7; Cincinnati, 6.
New York, 9; Cincinnati, 1.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO DAY.

St. Louis at Baltimore.
Chicago at Boston.
Cleveland at Brooklyn.
Cincinnati at New York.
Louisville at Philadelphia.
Pittsburg at Washington.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent
Baltimore	73	33	.592
Boston	74	34	.685
New York	66	38	.684
Cincinnati	63	43	.596
Cleveland	54	50	.519
Chicago	50	58	.463
Philadelphia	48	61	.440
Pittsburg	46	59	.438
Louisville	48	63	.436
Brooklyn	46	61	.499
Washington	45	60	.428
St. Louis	27	81	.250

The Colts had the Beaneaters cleverly whipped yesterday, but became too jubilant and allowed their opponents to tie the score on account of errors and lucky hits. At the end of the eleventh inning the game was called on account of darkness.

The Reds acknowledged defeat twice yesterday. New York's pitching team was Rusie and Meekin, officiating in the first and second games respectively.

In the third, fourth and fifth innings the Orioles made fourteen hits off Donahue, the St. Louis twirler, netting twelve runs. Hoffer was not quite understood by the Browns.

The Boys' Brigade.

The Boys' Brigade held the annual election at the armory in the rear of Immanuel church on night before last with the following result: Captain, Col. Walker Taylor; First Lieutenant, E. P. Dudley; Second Lieutenant, Joseph Loughlin. The commissions for the newly elected officers will be issued by the Commander of the Boys' Brigade of America, with headquarters in Chicago.

The members of the brigade expect to continue to work with vim and determination and are enthusiastic over the prospects before them. There are numerous candidates for membership, but the number of members cannot be increased on account of lack of armory room.

Country Merchants

The approach of the autumnal season with its accompanying increase of trade brings a number of country merchants into the city. Among those here yesterday were H. C. Bridger, Bladenboro; P. P. Shepard, Sneed's Ferry; E. L. Smith, Marines; Ira Hall and Walter Atkinson, Sloop Point; Walter Murrill, Jacksonville; J. D. Batts, Holly Ridge; W. J. Mallard and J. O. Howard, Hampstead; D. J. Falls, Cypress Lake.

THE COTTON SEASON.

Receipts for the Past Year Show a Large Increase as Compared With Receipts the Year Previous.

Yesterday, August 31st, closed the cotton year. The business in cotton during the year was considerably larger than that of the preceding year and is gratifying to all those who desire to see evidences of growth in every line of business that Wilmington is interested in.

The report of Col. John L. Cantwell, Secretary and Treasurer of the Produce Exchange, shows the receipts for the year to have been 234 664 bales, against 178,447 for the last crop year. The exports were 239,733 bales, against 171,505 last year.

It is remarkable how nearly equal are the receipts and exports of the year just ended to those of the year ending August 31, 1895. The figures are, for receipts, 234,664 and 234,621 bales for '95 and '97 respectively, while the exports stood 235,647 in '95 and 239,733 in '97.

The receipts of cotton for August this year are a good deal smaller than for August of last year, being only 174 against 5,389.

Only about 95 bales of new cotton have been received so far, but cotton men say the crop is beginning to move and receipts will of course grow steadily from now on.

Funeral of the Late W. J. Furlong.

The funeral of the late Mr. W. J. Furlong was conducted yesterday afternoon at 4 30 o'clock from the residence, 704 Castle street, thence to St. Thomas Catholic Church, which was thronged with sorrowing friends and relatives. As the casket was borne in a quartette, consisting of Mrs. Joseph Watters, Miss Marion Banks, Miss Mary Bates and Mr. John W. Reilly, rendered feelingly the hymn, "Abide with Me."

The services, which were brief but touching, were conducted by Rev. Father C. Dennen. When they were concluded and while Mrs. Joseph Watters and Miss Marion Banks sang "He Giveth His Beloved Rest," the pall bearers bore the remains to the hearse and the long funeral cortege proceeded to Oakdale cemetery, where the interment was made. The mound was covered with flowers, arranged in most beautiful and appropriate designs.

Messrs. Michael Griffin and W. C. VonGlahn were the honorary pall-bearers. The active pall-bearers were Messrs. James Allen, R. C. Banks Thomas Torpy, Jr., Jack Scott, R. C Platt and Oscar Morris.

The Hibernian Benevolent Society attended the funeral in a body.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Monthly Report of the County Superintendent, Dr. W. D. McMillan.

The Board of Health met last night in regular monthly session in the office of Dr. W. D. McMillan, superintendent of health. The meeting was called to order at 8.30 o'clock by Mayor S. P. Wright, M. D., after which the minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Complaint was made to the Board about the filthy condition of Market street, between Second and Third, directly in front of two grocery stores. On motion, the superintendent of health was instructed to investigate the matter.

Dr. McMillan handed in his monthly report for August, which read as follows:

GENTLEMEN—Our books show that during the past month our health officers have made 3,719 inspections, finding 2,853 premises in good sanitary condition and have had 358 cleaned. There have been 94 permits granted for the removal of earth. There have been 69 births, 56 white and 33 colored; nine still borns, 3 white and 6 colored; 48 deaths, 15 white and 33 colored, six of which were transported from the city by permission. Two residents were quarantined on account of scarlet fever, but there has been no unusual amount of sickness.

Several other matters of business were then transacted, after which the meeting adjourned.

Merchants' Excursions.

The Richmond *Dispatch* says: "The New York Merchants' Association estimates that its city's increase of business from the visits of outside buyers this season will approximate $50,000,000. Let the good work of merchantss' xcursions to New York, Richmond and other cities, but more particularly to Richmond, go on." And why not Wilmington? The STAR has kept this question prominently before our business men for some time. Will not our railroads give Wilmington the same advantages it offers other cities? Has any one taken the trouble to enquire?

Harbor Master's Report.

The report of Capt. E. D. Williams, Harbor Master, shows arrivals during August of vessels registering over 90 tons as follows:

American—4 steamships, 4,249 tons; 6 schooners, 1,330 tons. Total, 10 vessels; 5,579 tons.

Foreign—1 steamship, 1,588 tons; 1 barque, 498 tons. Total, 2 vessels; 2,081 tons.

Grand total—12 vessels; 7,610 tons.

Wilmington Livery Stable Co.

At a meeting of the Wilmington Livery Stable Company, composed entirely of colored citizens, held yesterday, the following officers and directors were elected: Altimore Walker, President; Geo. Manly, Vice President; R. D. Daw, Secretary; Chas. A. Forman, Treasurer; Franklin Wright, Manager; F. C. Sadgwar, Thos. Hayward, John Hargrave, John Alston. The company begins business to-day.

Applicants for Scholarships.

Nine applicants for the New Hanover county scholarships in the North Carolina College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, Raleigh, stood the examination given yesterday morning at 10 o'clock by Superintendent M. C. S. Noble. The papers were forwarded to Raleigh, where upon the merits of the same the scholarships will be awarded.

WEDDING AT SOUTHPORT.

Marriage of Miss Aleita Usena Thompson to Lieut. Horace Dale Glover of the U. S. Cutter Morrill.

Southport yesterday at high noon was the scene of a fashionable and happy event, when Lieut Horace Dale Glover, of the U. S. revenue cutter *Morrill*, and Miss Aleita Usena Thompson, of Southport, met at the altar and formed a union for life. The ceremony took place at the residence of the bride's father, Capt. T. M. Thompson, the interior of which had been handsomely and artistically festooned with the rarest of cut plants, flowers, etc.; the parlors of this spacious residence, where the marriage vows were spoken, especially displayed the touch of the decorator's hand, who had performed his task well and certainly succeeded in accomplishing a portrayal of nature's magnificent splendor.

Promptly at high noon, as old Sol reached his pinnacle of glory and shed his powerful and dazzling rays upon the scene which then took on the appearance of a palace of enchantment, and as the organ, hidden behind a wall of fragrant flowers, under a skilled touch pealed forth Mendelssohn's wedding march, the auspicious event commenced. First, the two little flower girls, Miss Mary Lilly Fisher, of South Carolina, and Miss Bessie Reiger, of this city, both neices of the bride. Next the attendants, in the following order, viz: Miss Flossie Reiger and Dr. G. Kirby Collier, both of this city; Miss Mary Phelps, of New York city, and Mr. Chas. I. Gause, of Southport; Miss Addie New, first bridesmaid, of Portsmouth, Va., and Lieut. Snyder, of the *Morrill*. Miss Annie H Thompson, the maid of honor and sister of the bride, then walked in, followed by the groom, accompanied by his best man, A. G. Ricaud, Esq., of this city; the bride, handsomely attired in a magnificent gown of heavy white satin brocade, trimmed with old rose point lace and bedecked with diamonds, among which was a sun-burst, the present of the groom, entered leaning upon the arm of her father, Capt. T. M. Thompson. The bridal party arranged themselves gracefully in the centre of the parlors, and Rev. James Carmichael, D. D., pastor of St. John's Episcopal Church, this city united the happy couple in the holy bonds of matrimony; upon the conclusion of which the organ sent forth the strains of Lohengrin's wedding march, and the bridal procession formed again and retraced their steps from the parlors, repairing to another portion of the residence, where a reception was held.

At 2 30 o'clock, Lieut. and Mrs. Glover and bridal party embarked on board the steamer *Wilmington* en route for this city, and as the cutter *Morrill* was sighted, three hearty cheers were wafted off the deck of the *Morrill*, directly from the hearts of the crew who had been drawn up on deck and who took this way of expressing themselves for the happiness of their superior officer and his bride. The steamer *Wilmington* responded with three merry blasts of the whistle, and then sped on its way.

About 5 o'clock the *Wilmington* reached the city, and the bridal party repaired to The Orton, from where Lieut. and Mrs. Glover left and embarked on the 7.15 o'clock north bound Atlantic Coast Line train on a tour embracing visits to Washington, New York and Canada. At the depot rice and other tokens of good luck were showered upon the happy two.

Among the attendants at the wedding were Mrs. H. K White, of Norfolk, Va.; Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Harper, of Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Harry Phelps, of New York city; Mrs. C. H. Fisher, of South Carolina; Mrs. A. W. Reiger and Mr. Kidder, of Wilmington, and the officers of the *Morrill* in full dress uniform.

The flower-girls were becomingly attired in white, and each carried a handful of pink carnations. The bridesmaids were habited in white organdie over taffeta, trimmed with green silk ribbon, with the exception of the first bridesmaid, whose costume was trimmed with white satin ribbon and pearls.

The groomsmen wore the conventional black. The bride at the time of her departure was handsomely costumed in a tailor-made suit of dark green broadcloth. The presents received by the happy couple were both many and costly, and bespoke the love and esteem of a large number of friends, but were we gifted with the inspiration of language we trow that even then we would realize "how poorly eloquence of words translates the poetry of hearts who have an union formed for life."

Death of Jno. C. Thomson.

Mr. Jno. C. Thomson died at his residence in Fayetteville last Saturday in his 89d year. He was a native of New York, but had resided in Fayetteville over fifty years, where he had established a reputation as a merchant and as a Christian that made him one of the most honored citizens of the home of his adoption. For more than sixty years he was a faithful and consistent member of the Methodist Church.

Excursion on the A. P. Hurt.

The steamer *A. P. Hurt* brought down on yesterday an excursion of seventy-five or one hundred people, arriving here at 9 o'clock and leaving in return at 7 o'clock last evening. The excursion was managed by Mr. J. A. Wooten, of White Hall.

Very Green and Very Blue.

In the game of ball between the married men and the single men next Friday afternoon, the colors of the former will be very blue, while the latter will meet victory or defeat flying very green colors.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. D. Moore, of Kenansville, was here yesterday.

— Mr. N. Schwab, of Goldsboro, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Isaac Bear returned from Saratoga, N. Y., yesterday.

— Mr. J. H. Royal, of Clinton, was observed on our streets yesterday.

— Messrs. D. H. King and I. M. Turner, were registered here yesterday.

— Mr. W. H. Tankard, of the Wilmington Racket Store, returned yesterday.

— Mr. W. B. Cooper has returned from a visit to Afton, Va. His family will follow him later.

— Mr. John A. Everitt, Jr., returned from New York city yesterday on the steamship *Pawnee*.

— Mr. Frank H. Stedman is back from his trip to the mountains of Western North Carolina.

— Mr. John C. James, of the A. C. L. Auditing Department, has returned from a visit to Charleston.

— Miss Bessie Smith, of Winston, who has been visiting Miss Emma West, returned home yesterday.

— Mr. J. R. Barden, of Warsaw, has taken a position as travelling salesman for Mr. W. B. Cooper.

— Miss Carrie K. Myers returned yesterday from Asheville, where she spent the Summer months.

— Mr. R. L. Wemyss, formerly of Fayetteville, has accepted a position with Mr. R. V. Cox of this city.

— Evangelist Leavitt arrived in the city yesterday to spend several days. He will go to High Point Friday.

— Mr. Frank, manager of the Western Union Telegraph office here, has returned from a trip to Virginia.

— Ex-Sheriff Geo. McLeod, of Lumberton, arrived in the city yesterday to remain over until this afternoon.

— Mr. J. H. Rehder left yesterday for the Northern markets, accompanied by his wife. They will be gone ten days.

— Mr. E. H. Sneed returned yesterday from Moore's Springs, where, with his family, he has been spending some time.

— Among the arrivals in the city yesterday were J. S. Thomas, Charlotte; A. E. Stevens, Newbern; R. G. Grady, Burgaw; Thos. J. Kelly, N. C.

— Dr. J. W. McKay, one of the most prominent citizens of his section, died a few days since at Cheraw. He had been a subscriber to the DAILY STAR nearly twenty-three years.

— Mr. John D. Sprunt, of London, England, who has been spending a few weeks here with relatives and friends, leaves for home to-day. His stay here has added several pounds to his rotundity.

— Mr. Arthur B. Motte has been promoted to the position of day operator and clerk in the S. A. L. service. Mr. Motte is a telegraph operator of considerable experience, having been for a long time with the Western Union Telegraph Company, and his promotion is well merited. He has the congratulations of his many friends.

— Col. K. M. Murchison arrived in the city yesterday afternoon at 4 30 o'clock over the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad. A few days hunting on his game preserve near Asheville greatly invigorated him and he is looking particularly well. He went to Asheville from New York city, where, with his family, he landed a couple of weeks ago after a delightful European tour of several months. Mrs. Murchison, Miss Murchison and Miss Marie Murchison are now at Narragansett Pier.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—4 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine, 4 bbls tar, 11 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—84 bales cotton, 20 casks spirits turpentine, 189 bbls rosin, 30 bbls tar, 1 bbl crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—91 casks spirits turpentine, 60 bbls rosin, 8 bbls tar, 7 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—9 bales cotton, 44 casks spirits turpentine, 6 bbls rosin, 26 bbls tar.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—33 casks spirits turpentine, 247 bbls rosin, 73 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 47 bales; spirits turpentine, 109 casks; rosin, 472 bbls; tar, 195 bbls; crude turpentine, 19 bbls.

AN IMPORTANT CONNECTION.

The A. C. L. to Make Transportation Connection in Newbern With the A. & N. C.

[*Newbern Journal.*]

Some important dealings are going on between the Atlantic Coast Line and the Atlantic & North Carolina railroad, looking to better mutual transportation facilities for both roads, in and out of this city.

The present situation of both roads here offers nothing in common. The W. & N. crosses the A. & N. C. at right angles and any business transacted must be done by transfer, not even a switch offering transportation facilities for freight between the roads.

It is now proposed to buy property lying between the two roads in this city, put in a Y, and thus connect both roads.

It is also said that the A. C. L. will make traffic arrangements with the A. & N. C. to use its tracks to Kinston, and will from Kinston make connections to run a through passenger and freight service from Wilmington to the North via New Berne.

An arrangement of this kind means important things to this section.

— Maxton is receiving new cotton and paying 7¼ cents for it.

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Stockholders Meeting.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Oaslow Land Investment Co. will be held at the office of Jno. D. Bellamy, Esq., in the city of Wilmington, N. C., on Tuesday the 14th of September, 1897, at 12 o'clock M.
DR. E. PORTER,
sep 1 6t President.

Land for Sale.

A TRACT OF LAND CONTAINING 100 acres lying near the city with quarter mile railroad frontage. Natural drainage. Variety of soil clay 12 to 15 inches of surface, $1,500. Two hundred and fifty dollars cash, balance in one and two years.
Address W. H. C.,
sep 1 2t Care STAR.

Incandescent Lights.

OFFICE WILMINGTON GAS LIGHT CO., September 30th, 1897. On and after September 1st, 1897, this Company will establish in the commercial section of the city a circuit for incandescent lamps, for which the charge will be 35 cents per lamp per month, to burn every night (except Saturday) until 11 o'clock, and on Saturday night until 12 o'clock.
R. J. JONES,
au 31 2t Secretary and Treasurer.

HOW DO YOU KNOW

that the claims made by

THE KING GROCERY CO.

Can be fulfilled unless you have tried them?

We claim that by selling EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH we can give the consumer an advantage that he can get no where else. For your edification and profit read "An innovation in the Grocery trade" to be had of

THE KING GROCERY CO,
Bell 'Phone 387. Fourth Street Bridge
sep 1 tf

DON'T FORGET.

700 ROLLS BAGGING.
900 BUNDLES TIES.
250 CHEESE.
140 BOXES CAKES.
490 BARRELS FLOUR.
140 BARRELS SUGAR.
100 BAGS COFFEE.

W. B. COOPER,
sep 1 DAW tf Wilmington, N. C.

ROOF PAINTING.

OWNERS OF BUILDING IN AND AROUND Wilmington will find it to their interest to see W. C. Mitchell about their leaking roofs before it is too late to remedy same. While you sleep rust is playing havoc with your

Tin and Iron Roofs.

The ordinary paints that are used for such work crack from the heat and peal off, hence, the water finds its way to the tin and soon makes your roof a seive, from which your tenants complain. I am here in the interest of such roofs with a

Combination Roof Paint

that stops all leaks and makes your roof fire and water proof. This Paint is a combination that expands to heat and shrinks as it cools. It will not crack, scale or peel off, and is durable from eight to ten years without extra coating, and for

Less Money Per Square

than any other Paint known to the painting fraternity. My son, who superintends the work, has twenty years' experience at the business that he learned from his Old Dad, who served five years under an Englishman to learn the Art of Painting.

All orders addressed to me through the postoffice, or at the Marlborough House, or at the Hardware store of Owen F. Love & Co., will receive prompt attention. I will be here six or eight weeks. Any patronage will be appreciated. I can give reliable references from parties for whom I have worked.

Respectfully,
W. C. MITCHELL,
sep 1 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Special Bargains

—IN—

TOBACCO and CIGARS.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
12 Market Street,
au 3 tf Wilmington, N. C.

MONEY SAVED.

CASH BUYERS OF

Corn, Oats, Wheat Bran,

Cracked Corn, Cow Feed, &c.,

should not fail to get our prices before placing their orders.

Boney & Harper.
au 18 tf

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 1st TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 6.30 a. m., 10.10 a. m. 2.30 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 7.15 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 3.45 p. m., 6.00 p. m., 10.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 10.30 a. m., 2.30 p. m. and 7.30 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 11.30 a. m., 6.00 p. m. and 9.30 p. m.

SATURDAY SPECIAL.

Leave Wilmington at 1.00 p. m. arrive at Ocean View at 1.30 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 1.45 p. m. arrive at Wilmington at 2.15 p. m.
This train stops only at Wrightsville, Seashore Hotel and Ocean View.

Johnson & Fore

WILL OFFER TO MORROW,

MONDAY,

Ladies' Shirt Waists.

—ALL—

Millinery Goods,

PRINTED

Lawns, Organdies, &c,

—AT—

ACTUAL COST.

N. B.—All persons owing us accounts are requested to make prompt payment of same.

Respectfully,

Johnson & Fore.
au 21 tf

We sell on Commis ion

D. S. Sides

D. S. Cut Sides,
D. S. Fat Backs,
D. S. Bellies,
D. S. Plates,
Cotton Ties.

Goods shipped on lowest market price at the day.

Vollers & Hashagen,

Wilmington, N. C.,
Nutt Street, A. C. L Crossing.
au 29 tf

We Have Other Goods

to offer besides

"Clover Hill Butter."

Read our list and find out.

100 Boxes Full Cream Cheese,

Candles, Gun Caps. Drugs of all kinds.

Flour all grades, including Pillsbury's Best, which is the Flour for good bread.
Fish, Fresh N. C. Fruits, Glue,
Potted Ham, Cooked Ham.
Car load choice Timothy Hay.
Ink to suit all.
Jellies in Glass and in Wood.

R. W. HICKS,
Wholesale Grocer.
au 14 D&W tf

Even the KIDS are working hard to get the HANDSOME WATCH which it is certain will be GIVEN AWAY on October 1st, 1897, at 10 a. m. by

MERCER & EVANS,
115 Princess Street,
Where good cheap SHOES may be had at all times. au 14 tf

At the Unlucky Corner

"Beardsley's"

Shredded Codfish,

A most delightful breakfast dish. Ready for the table in 15 minutes. No soaking, no boiling, no odor.

The Genuine Cod.

Try it once and you'll have no other.

S. W. Sanders.
Telephone No. 109. au 29 tf

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 1, 1897

SEES DANGER AHEAD.

The Republican managers and organs in the last Presidental campaign confidently predicted and promised prosperity if McKinley should be elected. Of course they were not basing their predictions or promises on the wheat crop of this year, for they had no means of knowing what that would be, or of knowing that there would be such short crops in either wheat-growing and wheat-importing countries. They were basing their predictions and promises altogether on the prosperity propelling tariff, which McKinley's supporters would give the country, and consequently they were quick to claim that prosperity had already arrived as soon as it was announced that the Republicans were successful, which they attributed to the confidence inspired by the success of that party and the assurance it gave that this prosperity producing tariff would be forthcoming in due time. But after a brief spurt in filling held-up orders prosperity halted and loitered on the way until the big wheat crop was harvested and it was known that there was short crops in other countries, creating a foreign demand, which started prosperity on the move again and sent it along in pretty good shape—for the wheat growers at least.

The Democratic co-laborers of Hanna echoed the predictions and promises of the Republican prophets, but as they didn't foresee the large wheat crop of this country nor the short crops in other countries, they of course, didn't base their predictions or promises on these, but on the "confidence" inspired by the declaration for "sound money" so emphatically made by the election of McKinley. The prosperity that has come hasn't been from either of the causes upon which the predictions were based, but from an entirely different cause, which knocks the prophets out and shows that they were merely talking wild and didn't know anything about it.

They at the same time predicted that if Bryan should be elected the country would go to the demnition bowwows. Would the election of Bryan have affected the short crops of wheat in other countries or the large crop in this country? and if not, wouldn't there be rattling prices for wheat, just as there is now, and even higher prices for with free silver assured prices would be higher. Doesn't this knock these prophets out, again, and show that they were talking wild and didn't know what they were talking about.

One of the first optimists that bobbed up after the election of McKinley was Hon. Chauncey M. Depew, who saw prosperity bowling right along, although he didn't see a big wheat crop here or short wheat crops over there, but he saw prosperity all the same, and among the last things he said when starting off for his summer frolic in Europe, was that he would tell them when he got on the other side that prosperity had already arrived—with her Sunday clothes on, as it were. Mr. Depew and his fellow-prophets, doubtless to offset the gloomy chatting of the so called pessimists, talked to build up hope and confidence, a very commendable thing to do if they hadn't carried it to the extreme that they did. Some of them are now beginning to think that they have perhaps carried this thing too far and stimulated hopes and efforts, that unless checked and restrained may end in disaster before prosperity gets a real good start. The New York *Times*, one of the prosperity foreseeing and predicting Democratic gold organs, quotes Mr. Depew as sounding the following "warning:"

"The pace has been set so suddenly, and is increasing so fast, that it will require all the conservative forces of the country to prevent in two years from now a general wreck. In other words, our dangers are not only overtrading, but the launching of innumerable enterprises in which hope will be more powerful than judgment."

This is sensible, much more sensible than the wild predictions that have stimulated the contingency that is warned against. It foresees and points to possible breakers ahead, unless these gentlemen can undo some of the work they have done and slow up the march.

In fact it has a gloomy cast about it, for it contemplates among the possibilities and certainties if they don't go slow, "a general wreck," as the result of enterprises stimulated by the "hope" that is "more powerful than judgment." The sanguine temperaments which predicted so much and begat such dangerous "hope" were evidently "more powerful than judgment," a view which a good many people took of it all along.

It is the regulation tune with the gold organs, both of the Republican and so called Democratic persuasion, to declare that the prosperity which is now putting in an appearance will knock out silver and make Wm. J. Bryan a reminiscence. But suppose they should fail to subdue this "hope" that will be "more powerful than judgment" and the "wreck" comes that Mr. Depew warns against, how will it be then? Will silver be knocked out or will Mr. Bryan be a back number?

We are free to confess that we do not apprehend such a calamity as Mr. Depew puts among the possibilities or probabilities, for we do not think prosperity is going to hit the country in such big chunks as to set everybody wild and Klondike them as it were. The American people have been groping in the shades of adversity so long that they have been considerably sobered and they are not going to play the fool as soon as they get on a little high ground where they catch a little more daylight and sunshine, and they are not all taking it for granted that prosperity is here to stay and that the country is going to wallow in wealth out of the crops of this year, although some statistical idiots are figuring to create that belief.

There are three years to run before another Presidential election, and if prices should from full crops or other causes sag back to the figures of the past few years, then the goldites may buckle on their armor for another tussle with played-out silver and "relegated" Bryan, or some other good Democrat with a silver ring in him.

MINOR MENTION.

The New York *World* is a great interrogator. Among the distinguished persons whose views it has sought on the present situation and the prospective longevity of prosperity is Hon. Richard P. Bland, "Silver Dick," whose letter in response to inquiries propounded, is interesting and concludes as follows:

"We insist also that good prices are a good thing, a good thing for the country and all of its people. This is now practically admitted.

"The only question remaining, then, is 'can we depend upon the present causes and conditions that exist throughout the world to maintain good prices, especially in this country.' The answer to that is that we cannot expect that Nature will always favor us by shortening the crops of other people for our especial benefit; that there can be nothing permanent in the prosperity that is now supposed to exist. Whereas, on the other hand, the prosperity that would result from the restoration of free coinage of silver would be that increase of prices in the country and the world over and the betterment of mankind generally, and this better condition would be permanent, not accidental or exceptional. Wait and see the result.

"How long will this stimulated condition in the price of farm products and apparent prosperity coming to this country exist? It is too early yet to predict on this subject, except in so far as I have already stated, that when present conditions are reversed calamity will come.

"Before the gold standard advocate boasts upon these causes or his theories of prosperity, as indicated by present conditions, let him wait! Let him wait to see whether all the people are employed at fair wages. At the present time such is not the case.

"We hope for the best for our country and for the world; would be glad to see prosperity everywhere, but so far as the cause is concerned our argument is now admitted by our opponents, and unless there should universally exist prosperity in this country during the rest of Mr. McKinley's administration, not only will the argument be upon our side, but the votes also in the approaching elections of 1898 and 1899."

The prosperity that is the result of what might be classed as an accident cannot be depended upon. Of course it might be continued indefinately if the conditions that brought it about were indefinitely continued, but not otherwise. When the conditions change then the reaction must come, and the advocates of a more liberal and more reasonable and just monetary policy will have their innings.

* * *

A company has been organized in Chicago known as the "American Beet Sugar Factory Construction Company," the object of which is to invest money in the erection and operation of sugar plants. It makes two propositions, one of which is that it will erect and have ready for operation within twelve months, a factory with a capacity of 300 tons a day, at a cost of about $300,000, the company to furnish one half the capital, local capitalists the other half, or it will erect such a plant and furnish skilled labor to operate it for the first year for five per cent. of the investment, or about $15,000, and give bond that the net profits in the way of dividends will amount to not less than 10 per cent. on the capital invested, with 6 per cent. additional as interest. An agent of this company is now visiting beet-growing sections of the West. A factory is to be built at Chillicothe, Ohio, whether by this company or not, is not stated. A number of new factories will be built this year in the West. There does not seem to be any trouble in commanding the capital for this purpose when there is assurance of having a sufficient supply of beets to keep a factory in operation through the working season of about 100 days. It requires about 3,000 acres of beets to keep a 300-ton-a-day factory going, and it doesn't seem that it should be a difficult thing to secure that many acres in any live agricultural section, especially as the beets pay about $4 a ton, or a profit of about $40 an acre, so that the sugar factory is not only a good thing for the men who put their money in it, but for the farmers who grow the beets. There is not the slightest danger of the business being overdone, even if the number of factories should increase tenfold for years to come.

* * *

A gold organ rises to remark that "the silver owned by the Government cost us $464,210,000 and its value in the market to-day is but $253,225,000." This is a sample of the rot they are dishing out day after day. Who proposes to take this $464,210,000 of silver and dump it on the market? If it were so dumped it would, of course, go at its bullion value, but as there is not the slightest probability of that, unless some of the extreme gold worshippers should have their way, of which there is little danger, every dollar of this is worth just 100 cents. It will buy 100 cents worth of stuff, pay 100 cents worth of taxes, and that's all the gold dollar can do. This is not because these silver dollars are redeemable in gold for they are not, but because they bear the Government stamp and are declared by law to be 100 cent dollars, and if there were ten times as many of them it would not affect the legal standing a particle. Being more abundant they might purchase less, and thus become what the gold people call "cheap" money, but that's the kind of money which keeps moving and brings and ensures prosperity, for then enterprise is stimulated, the idle have work and can earn the means to live well and comfortably though prices be higher. There is as little sense in talking about the market value of coined money as there is in talking about the market value of the paper on which greenbacks, treasury notes, U. S. bonds and bank notes are printed.

It is announced that Weyler will stay in Cuba—as long as Gomez, Garcia & Co. will let him.

TWINKLINGS.

— "Does the nobleman seem to think a good deal of Miss Clara?"
"Oh, yes, indeed. He calls her 'his little Klondike.'"—*Judge*

— Literary Theories: "Napoleon's autograph is about as bad as Shakespeare's."
"Yes; I'll wager that Bacon wrote them both."—*Detroit Free Press*

—Two Specialists: Boston Child—"Haven't you read Emerson?"
Chicago Child—"No, but I can give you a straight tip on the wheat market."—*Puck*.

— Leading Him Astray: Brown—I wish I could remember what it was my wife wanted me to bring home.
Smith—I've found that it's less trouble in the long run to forget these things.—*Puck*.

— He—I dislike to see a woman standing up in a street car.
She—Yes; I've noticed that you manage to get a newspaper in front of you at such times.—*Yonkers Statesman*.

— "I hab noticed," said Uncle Eben, "dat er man kin allus fin' people ter buy liquor fer him ontell he gits so run down dat his system actually feels de need ob it. Den dey tells 'im he'd orter be eshamed ob hisse'f."—*Washington Star*.

— He had Studied Them: "He says he has no head for figures."
"It is true."
"And yet he has spent nearly all his time this summer on the bathing beach."
"Well, he didn't say he had no eyes for figures."

— "Julia," said the old gentleman reproachfully, "if I am not mistaken you gave that young man a kiss."
"I did no such thing," returned the young woman with emphasis. "It was a trade."

— "When I first met my wife I thought she was one of the most economical women, in the matter of clothes, I had ever known."
She—"You met her at the seashore, I believe?"—*Yonkers Statesman*.

— A little girl who had told a lie was escorted to her bedroom by her mother and told to ask God to forgive her for her sin. This is what the listening mother heard: "Oh, God, I thought you could take a joke."—*Life*.

— A Stoic—Sambo—"Jim, he am eh bohn gambler. Yo' nebbah kin tell from de way he looks whedder he am winnin' or losin'."
Jim—"Dat am so. I seed h'm de day aftah he done lost dat lebben dollahs on de races, an' yo' t'ink he owned Sixt' av'noo."—*Puck*.

We know the great cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla are genuine, because the people themselves write about them. †

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— If wheat should decline the gold bug cake would all turn to dough, and McKinley prosperity would be "sicklied o'er with the pale cast of thought" and incipient indigestion.—*Louisville Dispatch, Dem.*

—— German chemists have discovered the bacillus that fertilizes the soil and can propagate it indefinitely. If this be true we shall have, in the 20th century, a great Bacteria Trust evolved from commercial fertilizer syndicates.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— "It is recalled as an interesting, sociological and moral problem," says the Albany *Argus*, "that while in bondage, though repeatedly left as the sole protectors of white women, especially during the rebellion, when their masters were all in the Confederate army, the negroes were never known to betray their trust." They had not then been under Republican tutelage for thirty years.—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

—— There is no use in talking nonsense when sense will serve. Over-statement is often about the worst thing imaginable. When Assistant Secretary Brigham tells the country that the farmers will receive this year "from four to five hundred million dollars in excess of that received last year for their wheat," he is talking arrant nonsense. At the utmost this year's wheat crop amounts to 550,000,000 bushels, against about 500,000,000 last year. It would require a rise of about a dollar a bushel over last year's prices to produce any such result as that predicted by Assistant Secretary Brigham There has been no such rise. The results actually reached are gratifying enough. There is no occasion to exzaggerate them and no profit in doing so.—*New York World, Dem.*

What It Means.

When we advertise that we will guarantee Dr. King's New Discovery, Electric Bitters, Bucklen's Arnica Salve, or Dr. King's New Life Pills, it means that we are authorized by the proprietors to sell these remedies on a positive guarantee, that if purchaser is not satisfied with results, we will refund the purchase price. These medicines have been sold on this guarantee for many years and there could be no more conclusive evidence of their great merit. Ask about them and give them a trial. Sold at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Lexington *Dispatch*: It was reported here yesterday by a truthful gentleman that Henry Briles, of near Trinity, Randolph county, dropped dead last Thursday and remained in a dead condition for seven hours, then revived and became all right and attended a wheat-threshing on Friday.

— Morganton *Herald*: The *Herald* is reliably informed that within the last week or ten days a Mr. Kreisher, with shovel and pan, has taken out of a pit about four feet square and three feet deep, over four hundred pennyweights of gold, at a mine belonging to Mr. D. McKinzie, of Morganton, near the famous Pax Hill mines, six or eight miles north of town. A nugget weighing one hundred pennyweigths was taken out last week. This nugget sold for $82.

— Lincolnton *Journal*: There was a scene and some excitement at Ball's Creek camp meeting last Sunday. It seems that a young man named Watts stole a young woman named Scronce and married her near the camp. The girl's father then stole her from her husband. Later the husband again stole her from the old man. The latter filled up on blockade liquor and went in search of them. He found them, but he could not get the girl back.

— Alamance *Gleaner*: Saturday a week ago Chic Darlington, manager of the poultry department of Alamance Farm, left with a large exhibit of poultry and pet stock for the Eastern Circuit, which embraces portions of Maryland, Virginia, Delaware and Pennsylvania. The exhibit consisted of about 300 head of poultry, 300 pigeons, 100 guinea pigs, 30 rabbits, 10 geese and 20 ducks, and contained fine specimens of nearly every well known breed. Alamance Farm has never failed to win many prizes wherever shown and no doubt in the contests during the next few weeks it win new laurels.

— Charlotte *News*: Mrs. William Bingham, of Berryhill township, made a desperate attempt to end her life Saturday. While her husband was in the field at work Mrs. Bingham took his razor and cut a terrible gash in her throat that extended from ear to ear. When Mr. Bingham arrived at the house he found his wife lying on the bed and the blood gushing from the wound. Medical aid was at once sent for. Dr. Herron arrived shortly afterwards and sewed up the wound. Mrs. Bingham has been in bad health for some time. She has been a great sufferer and it is thought that this was the reason why she made the attempt to end her life.

— Concord *Standard*: "Copper in Cabarrus is plentiful and the mines are being operated at a great profit," said a man who is indirectly connected and greatly interested in Cabarrus minerals. Capt. C. W. Laney, an experienced and wealthy miner of Union county, is working the old copper mines in No 9 township, below Cold Spring church. He has employed a large force of hands who are now engaged in taking up surface ore, which is said to be there in great abundance. He will soon sink shafts and put in necessary machinery to operate the mines on a larger scale. A company is also working the old Phœnix mines and are taking out great quantities of copper ore. These mines are being operated at a profit.

LONG ISLAND TIMBER.

Celebrated For Its Oak, Walnut, Butternut and Chestnut.

An interesting fact not generally known is that Long Island produces better working timber than any other part of the country. Its oak, walnut and butternut for furniture and indoor fittings outrank that of all other localities in beauty of grain and durability. Its poplar and whitewood are harder and heavier than the same wood produced in the western states.

Another wood worthy of note is the white oak. Like all the native woods, its grain is exceptionally handsome, taking all sorts of curls and waves, and its irregular lines strongly defined, producing a fine effect when polished.

Trees that have attained a great age are notably rich in marking, as was found in the Bryant oak, an immense tree on the poet's estate at Roslyn, which a few years ago was undermined by springs at its root.

The tree was stored away to season and preserved for the family's use, to be made into furniture. On learning that it had been a landmark for over a century and a favorite with many old residents, Miss Julia Bryant presented one of the long arms to an old friend and neighbor, who had the wood converted into small articles for library use, such as paper knives, penholders and inkstands. These were sold at fairs for the benefit of the Home For Friendless Children, a county institution that Mr. Bryant had been greatly interested in.

A wood not as well known or appreciated by shipwrights as it should be is the Long Island chestnut. It has proved more durable than white oak. The old sloop Idlewild, built over 80 years ago and always in commission, is timbered entirely with chestnut, and not an inch of this wood has needed attention.

Long Island is also noted for its yellow locust and black walnut, and there is none finer in any part of the country than those found on the north shore. An amateur geologist accounts for this by the fact that large amounts of silica are in the clay underlying the surface soil, and that doubtless this quality in their earth food gives Long Island timber its superiority in beauty and durability and explains the hardness so wearing to workmen's tools.—Brooklyn Eagle.

A Man Did It.

Every woman will be glad to know that it was a man who did it—a man of wide experience in the world in general and in methods of travel in particular. He was a New York man, and it was his first visit to this western city. He had registered, more by chance than anything else, at a certain hotel, taken dinner there, and started out to take his first view of the place. Almost the first thing he did was to run across an acquaintance, who, by reason of his superior knowledge of the place, felt called upon to give some advice.

"What hotel are you stopping at, old man?" he asked. "The best hotel here is the Metropolitan. That is where I am stopping, and you had better come up there."

"I will," said the traveler, and a little later, returning to his hotel, he gave up his room and started out to find the Metropolitan. "Just around the corner," said the first man he asked. "I will show you," and turning he guided the traveler to the hotel he had just left, and the latter, as he registered for a second time in that hotel that day, thought things to himself of the man who could go to a hotel and not learn its name.—New York Times.

STEPHEN GIZZBUNKLER.

An Old Time Resident of Storkville Center and His Remarkable Experience.

"I doubt if any man ever had a more singular experience," said Colonel Calliper, "than once fell to the lot of my old friend, Stephen Gizzbunkler, who formerly lived in Storkville Center, Vt. Mr. Gizzbunkler, like most of us, had his peculiarities, the most conspicuous, perhaps, being his habit of always carrying an umbrella. No matter what the weather or what the signs might be, he never went out without an umbrella. He knew it would be sure to rain if he did. Where he got this impression I don't know. He may have been out some time in his youthful days in his best clothes without an umbrella when it came on to rain.

"Some years ago, when they began making the curious and costly experiments in the arid regions of the far west, firing explosives from balloons, and one thing and another, to produce rain, Mr. Gizzbunkler, standing one day with his umbrella under his arm, in the Storkville Center postoffice, perusing the newspaper which he had just taken from the mail, said:

"'Why do they waste all this money in mere experiments when they could get rain with certainty and at a far less cost? Why don't they send for me?'

"'What could you do?' asked a neighbor who was standing near.

"'Why, I could go out without my umbrella,' said Mr. Gizzbunkler, and, amazing as it may seem, it is not the less certainly a fact that he wrote to the mayor of a town near which some of these experiments had been conducted offering to go there and produce rain for his expenses. It shows the consuming desire for rain on the part of the people, and their readiness to take any chances to get it, that they immediately sent Mr. Gizzbunkler a draft for the money to come on with, without even asking him how he was going to produce the rain.

"When Mr. Gizzbunkler arrived at the town, he was met at the railroad station by a delegation of citizens, who escorted him to the hotel. Later he was waited on officially by the rain committee of the town council, who, in the presence of the reception committee and a large number of other interested citizens, asked Mr. Gizzbunkler his plans.

"They had had some queer people in this town at one time and another, but Mr. Gizzbunkler appeared to them to be the most useless person they had ever had there. At first they thought they would kill him at once, that there would at least be some slight saving in shipping him back as freight; but Stephen was so obviously a well meaning man that finally they thought they would give him a trial, which they did on the following day.

"It was a day on which any other man in the world would have left his umbrella at home, anyway. Stephen Gizzbunkler was about to leave his at home for the first time in many years, and he was equally confident of what would happen. He had been a little shaken, personally, by the attitude of the people after his simple plan had been unfolded, but his confidence in the success of his plan was quite unbroken. He laid his umbrella carefully across the foot of the bed in his room at the hotel, looked at it almost lovingly and then went down to meet the committee.

"They walked, Stephen ahead, the rain committee and the reception committee next and after them the people, along the dusty road.

"Did it rain? No, no, no. It seemed to Stephen, and it seemed to the people, too, that the corn shriveled up as he passed and that the last blades of grass withered.

"They gave him one more trial the next day, with the same results, and then they took him back to the railroad station. They had taken him away from the station in a carriage; they carried him back on a rail, but this was a matter of detail that almost escaped Stephen's attention at the time, so glad was he to get back at all.

"On the day after Mr. Gizzbunkler's return to Storkville Center he went out without an umbrella. He had had a great experience, and he had been somewhat impressed by it. Possibly he had been mistaken all these years, and he thought he would see. But that day there came a storm that swept away every bridge in the county, and which washed away, too, whatever impression the extraordinary experiences in the arid regions had made upon the mind of Mr. Stephen Gizzbunkler.

"Thereafter, until he died, Mr. Gizzbunkler carried an umbrella always, as firm as ever in the belief that it would rain if he went out without one."—New York Sun.

His Chances Poor.

Miss Chaffleigh—Oh, Mr. Van Bibber, why don't you get married?

Mr. Van Bibber—To tell you the truth, Miss Chaffleigh, I doubt if I ever shall.

Miss C.—Why so?

Mr. V. B.—I'll tell you—my future wife must fill three conditions. She must be very rich, good looking and very stupid.

Miss C.—Stupid? Why stupid?

Mr. V. B.—Why, you see, Miss Chaffleigh, if she isn't rich and good looking I wouldn't marry her, and if she isn't very stupid she wouldn't marry me.—Twinkles.

The African Lakes company has become so careful that it compels its agents to pay for their own funeral expenses. So many agents died that an order was actually issued compelling the agents to die at their own expense. For a long while the company enjoyed a monopoly of trade.

Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption.

This is the best medicine in the world for all forms of Coughs and Colds and for Consumption. Every bottle is guaranteed. It will cure and not disappoint. It has no equal for Whooping Cough, Asthma, Hay Fever, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, La Grippe, Cold in the Head and for Consumption. It is safe for all ages, pleasant to take, and above all, a sure cure. It is always well to take Dr. King's New Life Pills in connection with Dr. King's New Discovery, as they regulate and tone the stomach and bowels. We guarantee perfect satisfaction or return money. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Regular size 50 cents and $1.00. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

A LIFE SAVED

Recovered from Typhoid Fever and Regained Health.

CONCORD, N. C.—"I was in poor health after having typhoid fever. I was advised to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have taken eight bottles and do not now feel like the same person. I believe it saved my life. I advise any one who is in a run down condition of health owing to impure blood or the effects of sickness to give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial." KATE KIMMINGER. Take only Hood's.

Hood's Pills cure constipation. 25 cents.

ZULU JINRIKISHA MEN.

Head Decorations That Are as Grotesque as They Are Ingenious.

The Zulu jinrikisha men are compelled by the English authorities to wear a uniform—a white linen tunic and loose white trousers cut off above the knee. They were like children playing at horse in the nursery, and they uttered continuous native gurglings, partly like turtledoves and partly like the hallelujah ejaculations at one of our African Methodist camp meetings. They all appeared very happy during this performance, which continued so long that I calculated the amount of energy expended to represent about ten miles of unpaid travel. Though the body dress was uniform, there was magnificent diversity regarding head decoration. One would wear a common straw hat hung around the brim with tassels suggestive of a pagoda, and the chief delight of the wearer was in shaking his head for the pleasure of making the tassels dance. Another had fastened a pair of cow horns on either side of his head immediately above the ears, and he grinned at me so effusively that I concluded he must have taken great pains with the construction of this hideous headpiece. The kinky top of a third had been interlaced with an enormous profusion of long strings of wool, to which small fluffy balls were attached at short intervals.

The head of a negro so decorated looked like a huge black mop or one of those Skye terrier dogs about whom one is never safe in saying which is the other end. In repose it is uncanny, but when your jinrikisha Zulu springs about in the shafts and throws his head up and down like a colt impatient of the bit the effect upon the newly arrived is akin to what I once experienced when a long black log of wood upon which I proposed to rest myself turned out to be a huge black snake resting from his gastronomic exercises.—Poultney Bigelow in Harper's Magazine.

Off the Malay Coast.

Sailing up the coast in a native craft, you may almost fancy yourself one of the early explorers skirting the lovely shores of some undiscovered country. As you sprawl on the bamboo decking under the shadow of the immense palm leaf sail—which is so ingeniously rigged that, if taken aback, the boat must turn turtle, unless, by the blessing of the gods, the mast parts asunder—you look out through half closed eyelids at a very beautiful coast. The waves dance and glimmer and shine in the sunlight, the long stretch of sand is as yellow as a buttercup, and the fringes of graceful casuarina trees quiver like aspens in the breeze and shimmer in the heat haze. The wash of the waves against the boat's side and the ripple of the bow make music in your drowsy ears, and as you glide through cluster after cluster of thickly wooded islands you lie in that delightful comatose state in which you have all the pleasure of existence, with none of the labor of living.—"In Court and Kampong," by Hugh Clifford.

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute	6¾	@	7
Standard		@	7⅜
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	7
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔		@	6¼
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5¾
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each	1 30	@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔	23	@	23
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	10	@	16
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks		@	47
Virginia Meal		@	47
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	75
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	10
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	11	@	12½
Dairy, Cream	12	@	13
State		@	10
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	8	@	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen		@	15
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		@	3 75
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	6 50	@	7 00
N C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	3 35	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade	3 75	@	4 00
Choice		@	5 00
Straight		@	5 00
First Patent	5 35	@	5 50
GLUE—℔ ℔—	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White		@	47½
Car load, in bags—White		@	47½
Oats, from store		@	30
Oats, Rust Proof	35	@	40
Cow Peas	60	@	65
HIDES, ℔ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	1 00
Western	90	@	95
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1⅜	@	2
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5¼	@	6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbados, in hhds		@	26
" " in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds		@	26
" in bbls		@	28
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	12	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 50	@	1 60
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	9 50
Rump		@	8 75
Prime		@	8 75
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	60
Lisbon		@	
American	40	@	60
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	40
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Granu'd		@	5¼
Standard A		@	[illegible]
White Ex. C		@	[illegible]
Extra C, Golden		@	[illegible]
C. Yellow		@	[illegible]
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3¼	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x20 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔	4	@	
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL ℔ ℔—Unwashed	8	@	13

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, August 31.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 27 cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 26½ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market steady at $1 15 per bbl for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1.10 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm; $1.30 per barrel for Hard, 1.80 for Yellow Dip and 1.90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine steady, 21½; firm, 21c; rosin firm, $1.35, 1 40; tar quiet, $1 05, crude turpentine quiet, $1.20, 1.55, 165.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	109
Rosin	473
Tar	125
Crude Turpentine	19

Receipts same day last year—89 casks spirits turpentine, 484 bbls rosin, 54 bbls tar, 70 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON

Market quiet on a basis of 7⅞c for middling. Quotations for old cotton:

Ordinary	5½	cts ℔ ℔
Good Ordinary	6⅞	" "
Low Middling	7¼	" "
Middling	7⅞	" "
Good Middling	8 3-16	" "

New cotton, 7c for middling.
Same day last year, middling 7⅜c.
Receipts—47 bales.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 55@60c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 65c; Fancy, 75c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN—Firm; 47½@50 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $5 50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $5.00 to 8.50 per M.

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES.

MONTHLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

For month of August, 1897.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
174	4,744	19,726	4,700	1,107

RECEIPTS.

For month of August, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
5,339	4,649	16,437	2,379	1,204

EXPORTS.

For month of August, 1897.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	977	3,501	363	4,707	1,385
Foreign	000	1,300	8,883	2	000
	977	4,801	9,246	4,709	1,385

EXPORTS.

For month of August, 1896.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	3,965	4,100	682	3,850	1,116
Foreign	000	000	9,271	000	000
	3,965	4,100	9,953	3,850	1,116

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, Sept. 1, 1897.

	Ashore.	Afloat.	Total.
Cotton	222	00	222
Spirits	1,839	9	1,848
Rosin	40,894	95	40,989
Tar	1 815	00	1,815
Crude	124	20	144

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, Sept. 1, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
5,291	2,691	35,626	5,173	549

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 31—Evening.—Money on call was easy at 1@1½ per cent., last loan at 1½ and closed offered 1@1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3¾@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange slightly easier; actual business in bankers' bills at 485⅝@485¾ for demand 483¼@483½ for sixty days. Posted rates 484½@485½ and 486½@487 Commercial bills 483½. Silver certificates 53@53¾. Government bonds strong; twos, registered, 97½; fours, registered, 111¾@112½; fours, coupon, 112¾@113½; new fours, registered, 125⅞@126⅜; new fours, coupon, 125⅞@126⅜; fives, registered, 113¾@114½; fives, coupon, 113¾@114½. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 126; North Carolina fours 104½. Railroad bonds firm.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—Rosin steady; strained common to good $1 45@1 50. Spirits turpentine firm at 29¾@30½.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 31.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26c and 26½c asked Rosin firm; sales — barrels; A, B, $1 15; C, $1 15; E $1 20, F $1 25, G $1 30 H $1 40 I. $1 45 K $1 45, M $1 50, N $1 70, W G $1 90, W W $2 20.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 31.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27¼; sales 646 casks; receipts 1,586 casks. Rosin firm; sales 3,148 barrels; receipts 4,832 barrels; prices: A, B, C, D $1 20, E $1 25, F $1 30, G $1 35, H $1 40, I $1 45, K $1 50, M $1 55, N $1 80. W G $2 05. W W $2 25.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK August 31—The cotton market opened steady with prices higher by 2 to 4 points, cables at hand being better than expected and crop accounts, generally bearish, somewhat conflicting. Following the first call, however, cables were of less favorable support. Selling became quite active and the market sold off 2 to 6 points, but traders were cautious, fearing further manipulation in September and a general round-up of shorts as a result of recent selling. The weekly weather report was expected to be unfavorable but proved to be less so than generally looked for and an active demand from shorts carried prices to a net advance of 3 to 5 points by noon. From the lowest point September contracts rallied 12 points, while the rest of the list improved 6 to 8 points. Sentiment during the afternoon was more bullish, the latter crop accounts indicating more or less rust, shedding and complaints of insects. The market sold off sharply just before the close under general liquidation started by rumors of financial trouble of a large cotton and stocks firm. The market closed barely steady at a net advance of two points to a decline of 8 points. Following the close of 'Change, the suspension of E. B. Cuthbert & Co. was announced. A canvass of the market showed that this firm had few outstanding contracts. The failure is understood to be on account of loss in sugar on the Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—Evening.—Cotton quiet; middling 8c.

Cotton futures closed barely steady; sales 96 400 bales; Jan'y 6 81, Feb'y 6 84, March 6 87, April 6 90, May 6 93, July —, August —, September 7 17, October 6 90, November 6 77, December 6 78.

Spot cotton closed quiet and ⅛c lower; middling uplands 8c; middling gulf 8¼c; sales 71,200 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 8,640 bales; exports to Great Britain 1 069 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent — bales; forwarded 859 bales; sales 17 287 bales; sales to spinners 37 bales; stock (actual) 39,714 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 8 955 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,268 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent — bales; stock 77.040 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 30,761 bales; exports to Great Britain 4 904 bales; to France 1,444 bales; to the Continent 1,938 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 6 698,969 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,019,919 bales; exports to France 702 683 bales; exports to the Continent 2,161,458 bales; to the Channel 5,461 bales.

Aug. 31.—Galveston, quiet at 7¼, net receipts 2 064 bales; Norfolk, quiet at 8, net receipts 14 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8¼, net receipts — bales; Boston, nominal at 8¼, net receipts — bales; Wilmington, steady at 7, net receipts 33 bales; Philadelphia, steady at 8¼, net receipts 32 bales; Savannah, quiet at 7, net receipts 889 bales; New Orleans, easy at 7 3-16, net receipts 5,186 bales; Mobile, nothing doing, 7¼, net receipts 9 bales; Memphis, firm at 7 3 16, net receipts 18 bales; Augusta, quiet at 7¼@7⅜, net receipts 739 bales; Charleston, easy at 7, net receipts 188 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 31—Evening.—Flour dull and featureless at old prices; winter patents $5 25@5 60, winter straights $4 85@5 00. Wheat—spot steady; No. 2 red 90⅝c afloat; No. 1 Northern New York $1 04¼ afloat; options opened steady, advanced sharply with Chicago, eased off and was irregular all day on conflicting cable news, enlarged movement West, heavy clearances and light export demand; closed steady at unchanged to ⅛c net advance; No. 2 red September 95@96⅝c, closed 96¼; November closed 94⅝c; December 94¼@94 15-16c, closed 94⅝c. Corn—spot steady; No.2, 36 at elevator and 36¾ afloat; options opened firm and advanced on dry weather news, higher cables and lighter receipts, easing off slightly near the close under realizing, closed ⅛@⅜c net higher; January 38¼@38½c, closed 38¼c, September 35¾@36c, closed 35⅝c; December 37½@37⅞c, closed 37¼. Oats—spot quiet; No. 2, 23¼c; options inactive and nominally steady, closing ⅛c net lower, September closed 23¼c. Lard steady. Western steam $5 20@5 25; October closed $5 20, nominal; refined lard steady; Continent $5 45, South American $6 00; compound $4 37½@4 87½. Pork was steady; new mess $10 00@10 75. Butter firm; Western creamery 12@19c; factory 8@11c; Elgins 19c; imitation creamery 10@18c; State dairy 10@17; do. creamery 12@19c. Cheese quiet; State large, white 9⅝; fancy small white 9⅝c; large, colored 9⅝c; small colored 10c; part skims 5½@6½c; full skims 3½@4c. Eggs firm; State and Pennsylvania 17½@19c; Western fresh 16½@17. Rice firm. Molasses firm. Tallow strong; city ($2 00 per package) 3½c bid and 4c asked; country (packages free) 3⅜@3½c as to quality. Petroleum steady; United closed 78c bid. Cotton seed oil quiet but stronger on an increased demand and scant offerings; prime crude f. o. b. mills, nominal; prime summer yellow 27@27½; off do. 26@27; butter grades 30@33c; prime summer white 29c; prime winter yellow 33@34c. Coffee—options opened steady at a decline of 5 to 10 points and closed with 5 to 10 points net decline; spot Rio coffee quiet; Cordova 10½@16½c; sales 1,000 bags Rio spot at 6½c; 500 bags Maracaibo P.T. Sugar—raw firmer; fair refining 3¼c; centrifugal 96 test 3⅝c; refined firm.

CHICAGO, August 31.—Grain and provision markets to-day gave further indications of recovery from the fever of last week and trading was characterized by its dullness. Corn was perhaps the most active of all the markets. Wheat closed ⅛c higher, corn about unchanged, oats ⅛c lower, and provisions unchanged to 7½c lower.

CHICAGO, Aug. 31.—Cash quotations: Flour—the market was slightly easier. Wheat—No. 2 spring 89¼@90; No 3 spring 84@88c; No. 2 red 89½c. Corn—No. 2, 30c. Oats—No. 2 —c; No. 2 white f. o. b. 18¾c; No. 3 white f. o. b. 21@23½c. Mess pork per barrel $8 85@8 90. Lard, per 100 lbs $4 82½. Short rib sides, loose, $5 55@6 80. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $5 00@5 75 Short clear sides, boxed, $6 12½@6 25. Whiskey $1 22.

The leading futures ranged as follows, opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—September 90½, 90½, 89½, 89½; December (new) 90½, 90½, 89½, 89⅞; May 92, 92, 91, 91½c. Corn—September 30½, 30½, 30 30; December 32⅜@32¾, 33¾, 33, 32½; May 35⅜, 36, 35⅜, 35⅝c. Oats—No 2 September 18¾, 18¾, 18½, 18½c; December 20⅜, 20½, 20½, 20½c; May 21⅜, 23½, 23⅜, 23c. Mess pork—September $8 95, 8 95, 8 82½, 8 85; October $8 92½, 8 97½, 8 87½, 8 90; December $9 05, 9 10, 8 90, 8 95. Lard—September $4 85, 4 85, 4 80, 4 85; October $4 90, 4 90, 4 85, 4 87½; December $4 92½, 5 00, 4 92½, 4 95. Short ribs—September $5 75, 5 75, 5 67½, 5 67½; October $5 75, 5 75, 5 67½, 5 67½.

BALTIMORE, August 31.—Flour dull and lower; Western superfine $2 75@3 10; do extra $3 40@4 10; do family $4 50@4 90; winter wheat patents $5 15@5 40; do spring $5 40@5 65; spring wheat straight $5 15@5 30. Wheat firmer; spot and month 96¼@96⅜c; September 96¼@97c; steamer No. 2 red 92¾@93⅜c; Southern wheat by sample 95@98c; do on grade 93@97c. Corn steady; spot 34⅞@35c; month 34¾@34⅞c; September 34⅞@35½c; October 35¼@35⅜c; steamer mixed 33⅜@33½c; Southern white and yellow corn 37@38c. Oats steady; No. 2 white Western 24@25c; No. 2 mixed to 21@22c.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, August 31.—4 P. M.—Cotton—Spot, moderate business and prices in favor of buyers. The sales of the day were 6,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export, and included 5,600 American. Receipts none. American middling 4¼d. Futures opened easy with a moderate demand and closed quiet. American middling (l m c): September 3 62 64d buyer; September and October 3 55-64d seller; October and November 3 47 64d buyer; November and December 3 44-64@3 45 64d buyer; December and January 3 43 64@3 44-64d seller; January and February 3 43 64@3 44 64d seller; February and March 3 44-64d seller; March and April 3 44 64@3 45 64d buyer; April and May 3 45 64@3 46 64d seller; May and June 3 46-64@3 47 64d seller.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Pawnee, 859 tons, Hale, New York, H G Smallbones.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

CLEARED.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 1, 1897.

SCHOONERS.

Roger Moore, 277 tons, Miller, Jas T Riley & Co.

BARQUES.

Nord America (Ital), 558 tons, Capero, Jas T Riley & Co.

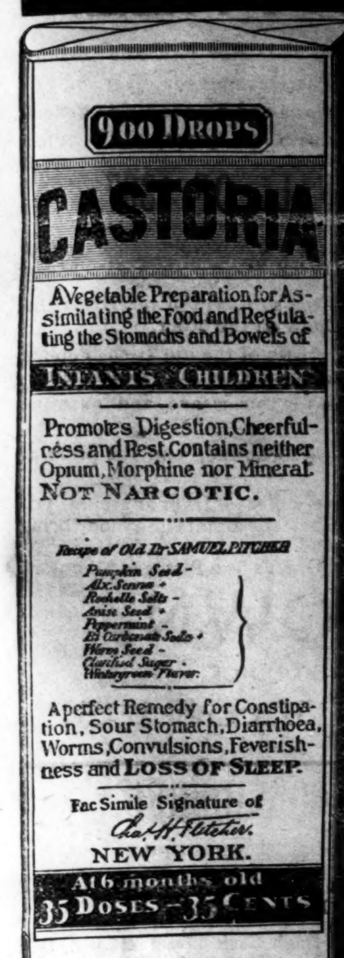
STEAMSHIPS.

Hawkhurst (Br), 1 538 tons, Watson, Alex Sprunt & Co.

"THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD

OR OUR SAVIOUR IN ART"

Cost over $100,000 to publish. Contains nearly 200 full-page engravings of our Saviour, by the great masters. Every picture is reproduced from some famous painting. Agents are taking from three to twenty orders per day. The book is so beautiful that when people see it they want it. "FIRST GLANCE AT THE PICTURES BROUGHT TEARS TO MY EYES," says one. "Cleared $150 first week's work with the book," says another. "Some high grade man or woman of good church standing should secure the agency here at once," says every editor, "as $500 can soon be made taking orders for it." Also a man or woman of good social position can secure position of Manager of this territory, to devote all their time to employing and drilling agents and corresponding with them. Address for full particulars A. P. T. ELDER, Publisher 278 Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill. au 4 tf



CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, Bears the Fac-simile Signature —OF— Chas. H. Fletcher. ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

According to Quantity.

There is a local capitalist whose mother-in-law, to the chagrin and pain of her immediate family and descendants, persists in taking on flesh at an alarming rate. She has tried Banting and dumbbells without any appreciable result and now would almost attempt the bicycle if the city council would vote her the use of one entire street to learn in. While such a thing as her avoirdupois is never treated lightly in her presence, when she is not around it inevitably leads to more or less humorous remarks. Her little granddaughter frequently uses her weight as a term of comparison. The stone sidewalk near the house is badly cracked on one side of the street, while on the other it is in an excellent state of preservation, which state of things the little girl insists is due to the fact that her grandmother walks almost entirely on the injured side.

The other day the capitalist's wife, in accordance with an old family custom, decided to have her mother's portrait painted. She mentioned it to her husband, and without thinking twice about the matter he told her to go ahead. Chicago boasts some artists of considerable reputation, and these artists are frequently able to boast the receipt of large sums for their work. The lady in question sat for one of them. In a short space of time he transferred her lineaments, together with a smile prepared for the occasion, to canvas.

A few days later her son-in-law, who, though a wealthy man, abhors extravagance, received a bill for the same. It came one morning before he left for business. He tore open the envelope and glanced at it a moment. The amount asked was $2,000.

"Why, heavens, Maria," he said, turning to his wife, who was standing near him, "that man must charge by the square inch."—Chicago Times-Herald.

BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR

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SNOWFLAKES.

The little ones kneel in the twilight gray,
And the trustful prayers that their pure lips say
Flutter toward heaven on shadowy wings,
Where the angels garner the beautiful things.

The wretched earth through her parched lips moans,
And God is grieved at the anguished tones,
While the angels bring to the mercy seat
The little ones' prayers, so pure, so sweet.

With a tender smile he takes them all,
Then down through the darkness the snowflakes fall,
Till the earth lies hushed 'neath a silence white,
Cleansed by the little ones' prayers tonight.
—Mabelle P. Clapp.

CURIOUS CLOCKS.

Interesting Specimens of Timepieces Which Have Been Made.

The origin of the clock is unknown, but such timepieces were known in Italy as early as the tenth century. Some think they were first invented by the Saracens. From that time many elaborate and whimsical designs were constructed, and those which were skillfully and wonderfully made brought fabulous prices. An old Italian soldier, who served prior to 1689, constructed one of the most curious of these. By its mechanism the figure of a tortoise was made to drop into a plate of water having the hours marked on its rim. The figure would float around and stop at the proper hour, telling the time like "a learned pig." A lizard also was made in the same timekeeper to ascend a pillar on which the hours were marked and point out the time as it advanced. A mouse did the same thing by creeping along an hour marked cornice. The figure of a golden cock that flapped its wings twice with the approach of the hours and crowed twice was also a popular favorite for ancient timekeepers.

Of the various specimens that might be given of early designs of the clockmakers' art not the least interesting are the several types of lamp clocks. One of these was of a kind quite common in the seventeenth century and consisted of a lamp burner placed at the base of a glass oil receptacle mounted vertically upon a suitable standard. The oil reservoir had attached to it a scale, facing the burner and showing the hours, beginning at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the lamp was to be lighted in winter, and ending at 7 o'clock in the morning. The lamp being lighted, the gradually descending level of oil, as combustion proceeded, marked the hours. Another device—of later origin, dating back to the beginning of the present century—utilized the same principle. It consisted of two communicating oil chambers, superposed by a clock dial. In one of the chambers was placed a night lamp to illuminate this dial, and in the other was suspended a float from a cord which passed around a small pulley. The latter was mounted on a horizontal axis ending in the center of the dial. The float, of course, descended as the oil was consumed, and carried the index hand along with it, thus marking the hours precisely as in the case already cited. At their best, these timepieces could have had only an indifferent degree of accuracy, yet they probably served their purpose well, and certainly are interesting at the present time as illustrating some of the expedients adopted by mechanicians of an earlier period.

The Best Record at Coaching.

In St. Nicholas George B. Smith tells of "General Grant's White Mountain Ride," a coaching trip during which the president was driven from Bethlehem to Profile house in less than an hour by Edward Cox. Mr. Smith says:

In The Century Magazine for November, 1892, Mr. T. Suffern Tailer gave the result of a trial of speed in modern coaching. This journey was in France over roads kept in constant repair by strict enforcement of law, and the trial was under the direction of Mr. James Gordon Bennett, which implies that every possible effort was made to insure quick time. The course was from The Herald office in Paris to Trouville, distant 140 miles. Horses stationed in advance were changed 18 times, and driven, as Mr. Tailer himself shows, unsparingly. Nine people were in the party, and the time made was, for the entire trip, 10 hours and 50 minutes, or a little over 12 miles an hour, including changes, over macadamized French roads, comparatively level.

Contrast this showing of 12 miles in 60 minutes with every advantage and that of 11 miles in 58 minutes over mountain roads in the country, eight horses to be driven, with 16 people to carry, and the reader can easily see which is the greater performance. It is probable that Mr. Cox's achievement has never been excelled, when everything is considered.

General Grant, as he dismounted from his lofty perch, was a curious spectacle. Covered with dust from head to foot, he had the appearance of a man who had been rolled in the road. Hat, hair and whiskers had suffered alike, and, including his clothing, he was all dust color.

The Guns Were Fired.

The late Congressman Holman some years ago was chairman of a committee to investigate alleged Indian abuses. In the course of its journeyings the committee visited Reno. Colonel E. V. Sumner of the Fifth cavalry was in command of the fort, and as the distinguished party entered the inclosure he caused a salute to be fired. The cannon roared, and there was a great demonstration. When the colonel came forward to greet the visitors, Judge Holman said: "Colonel, what is all that cannonading for? What's the occasion of it?" "It is a salute in honor of you gentlemen," explained Colonel Sumner. "Then stop it; stop it right off. It is a useless waste of public money, sir, and I cannot permit it," said the great objector, with alarm depicted on his countenance. "Sorry, Mr. Holman," said the colonel, greatly taken aback, "but those guns have got to be fired off. The regulations require it." The judge grumbled, and declared that it was a scandalous shame to burn up public funds that way.—New York Tribune.

IN OTHER LANDS.

Sight-Seeing in England—Westminster, the Receptacle of Royal Dust and Resting Place of Illustrious Men and Women.

HOTEL CECIL STRAND W. C.,
LONDON, Aug. 16th, 1897.

WILMINGTON STAR:—Having a few moments' leisure this morning, it occurs to me it may possibly interest you and some of your readers for me to give an account of our tour thus far and of the things seen by me in London.

My wife and I sailed from New York July 22d on board the steamship *Barbarossa*, of the North German Lloyd Line, a remarkably fine vessel, where every attention to the comfort of the passengers was afforded. The weather was fine, and the sea so smooth that there was but little sea-sickness among the passengers. I did not suffer at all in that way, but was ready always to "eat my rations." My wife, however, was not so fortunate; she was more or less sick the entire voyage. I laughingly told her that she was so merely because she thought it was the *proper thing* to be sick at sea, and because the condition of the sea air made it inevitable. On reaching London, August 2d, we promptly commenced sight seeing. We went with this object, first to the venerable Westminster Abbey. Within this building every reigning Sovereign of England, from William the Conqueror to Queen Victoria, has been crowned, and many of them now lie buried beneath its floors. Not only were England's Sovereigns buried there, but likewise many of the illustrious men and women whose names and deeds are recorded in history there lie, awaiting the resurrection of the dead. Great victories won by English armies were formerly celebrated by processions and Te Deums beneath its roof. Here lie the remains of Edward, the confesser, and on the monument is the recumbent effigy of the Saint, the touching of which was thought to effect wonderful cures of all diseases flesh is heir to, specially 'King's Evil." Even now, I am told some pious and credulous people resort to this tomb to seek relief from bodily ills. Oliver Cromwell and the Duke of Marlborough were originally buried in the Abbey, but at the restoration the remains of the former were removed, and those of the great Duke were transferred by his wife to Blenheim. Here also we see the monument to General Monk, the restorer of the monarchy under Charles II. Here, too, are the graves of the two Pitts—the Earl of Chatham and his great son—and of Charles James Fox, of Castlereagh, and Grattan. The younger Pitt, you remember, became Prime Minister of England at the age of twenty-four. He died *insolvent*, and was buried at the public expense—an example of official integrity—the average politician of our country is by no means ambitious to follow. Here also is buried Major Andre, whose remains were disinterred on the banks of the Hudson and brought for their final abode to this Abbey. The monument over this grave has carved on it a bas relief likeness of General Washington, receiving the petition in which Andre implored for a *soldier's* rather than a *felon's* death. I confess I have always felt much sympathy for Andre. What a pity it is that Benedict Arnold could never be made to expiate his damnable treachery?

I was much interested in the monuments to Mary Stuart and her great rival, Queen Elizabeth; the effigies on these are said to be *likenesses* of these queens, and if so, I have no hesitation in saying that neither of them was handsome. Queen Elizabeth was actually *ugly*. The portraits of these famous rivals several of which I have seen elsewhere, painted by distinguished artists, establish the fact that the Queen of Scots was *not* the beauty Sir Walter Scott represents her in the "Abbott" to have been, and also that Elizabeth the Virgin Queen, was distinctly the reverse.

But I must pass on from Westminster to St. Paul's Cathedral, where we went to church on Sunday. This church building is the third in size in the world, being surpassed in dimensions only by St. Peter's at Rome and the great cathedral at Milan. It is said to be built on the site occupied in pagan times by a temple of Diana. This church was begun in 1675 and was completed some twenty years thereafter, costing more than three millions of dollars. The architect, Sir Christopher Wrenn, was paid a salary, while superintending the building of this immense structure, of only $1,000 a year. The architects of our day (certainly not Sir Christopher Wrenn's superiors) would contemptuously reject any such insignificant consideration for their time and talents.

Here, too, are many monuments to the dead of England's great men, notably the Duke of Wellington, John Howard the philanthropist, Sir Joshua Reynolds the celebrated painter, contemporary and friend of Dr. Johnson, one to Dr. Johnson himself, and to Admiral Lord Nelson, the hero of Trafalgar and other great naval battles. At the Sunday service there was an immense congregation in attendance. The preacher was an American and an acquaintance, the Bishop of Canterbury, whom I knew well when he was a boy in Richmond.

The service was the grand choral service of the Church o England.

The Tower of London was next visited. This is historically the most interesting spot in England.

It is a mass of irregular and intricate buildings, erected at various periods, surrounded by a battlemented wall and deep moat. Over its principal portal we may well imagine the inscription Dante places over the portals of the infernal regions, "Abandon hope, who enter here." To the Tower there are four entrances, viz: The Iron Gate, the Water Gate, the Traitors' Gate and the *Lion's* Gate—so named from the menageries formerly kept here, but removed, many years ago. Old, retired soldiers, in peculiar uniform, are stationed at different parts of the building as a sort of police and these are called "beef-eaters." It is, I understand, a place given for life, or good behavior, to meritorious private soldiers, unfit by wounds or other causes for active service. In this Tower but enclosed by strong, open-work iron fencings are all the Crown jewels and regalia. The crown we first see was made for Charles II and worn by him when the throne was restored to him by Gen. Monk's action. In Queen Victoria's crown there are said to be 2783 diamonds; it is certainly a magnificent jewel, but I had neither the time or curiosity to verify the number of diamonds by counting them.

In addition to the crowns there are a large number of very heavy and artistically carved golden scepters and other regal jewels, the number of which I do not remember.

In one of the apartments within the Tower the young sons of Edward IV were murdered by order of Richard III.

Princess Elizabeth, afterwards Queen, was herself imprisoned in the Tower by order of her sister, Queen Mary. In the Chapel, within the Tower walls, Queen Anne Boleyn, second wife of Henry VIII and mother of Queen Elizabeth, was buried, having been beheaded by her husband's order, to enable him to take another wife. Lady Jane Grey and her husband, Lord Guilford Dudley, were likewise confined in this Tower, and subsequently beheaded by order of Queen Mary. King Henry VIII had a very summary and effective way of relieving himself of any of his wives of whom he might become tired—he cut off their heads, and speedily took another wife to comfort him in his widowerhood. Thus in addition to Anne Boleyn he had Catharine Howard imprisoned and beheaded in this Tower. William Wallace, the Scottish patriot, was at one time a prisoner in the Tower. King Henry VI was also a prisoner here, and was here murdered. Archbishop Cranmer and Sir Walter Raleigh were here prisoners and suffered death subsequently, the first at Oxford by burning, the latter beheaded at Westminster.

What a record of terrible crimes could these stones unfold! In one of the apartments are exhibited many full suits of plate armor, dating from the twelfth century up to to the latter part of the seventeenth century. There is, among others, an equestrian statue of Charles I in full suit of the armor made for him and worn by him.

A few days ago we went to lunch at '*ye old Cheshire cheese*" chop house, which was the Inn where Dr. Johnson took "his ease" with his friends Goldsmith, Garrick and Boswell, and where the conversations so minutely recorded by the latter in his biography of that remarkable man, in great part, took place. It is a quaint old place, and I was assured that in no respect was the building or furniture of the Inn changed since Dr. Johnson's day. Certainly the appearance of the tables and benches indicate that the assertion is true. I sat under a portrait of the old lexicographer, on a bench, and took my lunch at a table which I was assured he once occupied for the same purpose. Near by is the house in which he dwelt when preparing his dictionary. Both of these buildings have attached to them brass tablets stating the above facts. In the neighborhood of his dwelling was the lawless Alsatia, immortalized by Sir Walter Scott in the "Fortunes of Nigel"—a narrow street leading to Alsatia.

We visited Hampton Court and Windsor Castle, the former being the residence of the English Sovereigns from Henry VIII to George II, inclusive. Queen Victoria occupies Windsor as her Winter residence.

But I cannot now enter upon a description of these palaces. I will try and do so in a subsequent letter.

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WESTWARD.

	No. 41.	No. 403.
Leave Wilmington	*3 20 p m	....
Leave Lumberton	5 26 p m	....
Leave Maxton	6 13 p m	....
Leave Laurinburg	6 33 p m	....
Arrive Hamlet	6 58 p m	....
Leave Hamlet	7 13 p m	*5 10pm
Leave Rockingham	7 30 p m	5 23am
Leave Wadesboro	8 11 p m	5 54am
Leave Marshville	8 48 p m	6 25am
Arrive Monroe	9 12 p m	6 43am
Leave Monroe	9 35 p m	7 00am
Arrive Charlotte	10 25 p m	7 50am
Arrive Mt. Holly	....	9 20am
Arrive Lincolnton	....	10 20am
Arrive Shelby	....	1 18pm
Arrive Ellenboro	....	11 55pm
Arrive Rutherfordton	....	12 30pm

†8 40 a m Leave......Hamlet......Arrive 6 20pm
10 00 a m Arrive......Cheraw......Leave †8 00pm

EASTWARD.

	No. 38	No. 402.
Leave Rutherfordton	....	*4 35pm
Leave Ellenboro	....	5 15pm
Leave Shelby	....	5 55pm
Leave Lincolnton	....	6 56pm
Leave Mt. Holly	....	7 52pm
Leave Charlotte	*5 10 am	8 28pm
Arrive Monroe	5 55 am	9 10pm
Leave Monroe	6 05 am	9 40pm
Leave Marshville	6 25 am	....
Leave Wadesboro	7 01 am	10 31pm
Leave Rockingham	7 41 am	11 05pm
Arrive Hamlet	7 55 am	11 20pm
Leave Hamlet	8 20 am	....
Leave Laurinburg	8 46 am	....
Leave Maxton	9 05 am	....
Leave Lumberton	9 53 am	....
Arrive Wilmington	12 05 pm	....

NORTHWARD.

Leave Hamlet	*8 15 am	*11 20pm
Arrive Raleigh	11 30 am	2 16am
Arrive Portsmouth	5 50 pm	7 25am
Arrive Richmond	*6 50 pm	*8 15am
Arrive Washington	11 10 pm	12 31pm
Arrive New York	6 53 am	6 23pm

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Monroe	*3 48am	*9 25pm
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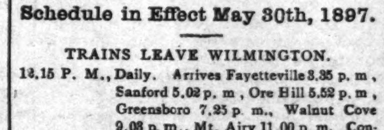

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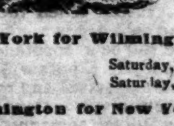

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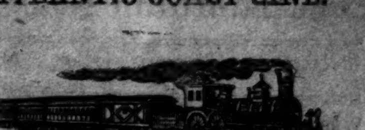
REAL ESTATE AGENT, WILmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Loans on improved city real estate. sep 6 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT AUGUST 15, 1897.

DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A M No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.59 a m, Warsaw 11.1/ a m, Goldsboro 11.58 a m, Wilson 12.43 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 2.18 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.54 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.24 a m, Richmond 4.20 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.25 a m, New York 2.03 p m, Boston 9.00 p m.

DAILY except Sunday 2 00 p m No. 60—Passenger—Due Jacksonvill 3 58 p m, Newbern 5 20 p m. This train leaves from Walnut street.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 4.00 P M No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.09 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, Marion 6.43 p m, Florence 7.25 p m, Sumter 8.42 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.20 a m, Macon 11 30 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.50 p m, Savannah 2.40 a m, Jacksonville 8.20 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 6.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.03 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.12 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rock Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilso 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.01 a m, Warsaw 7.53 a m, Magnolia 8.05 a m.

DAILY except Sunday 12 40 a m No. 61—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9 20 a m, Jacksonville 10 42 a m. This train arrives at Walnut street.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.00 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 3 25 p m Savannah 12.59 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 8 20 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.28 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7 55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 50 a m, Greenville 8 52 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 18 a m, Weldon 11 33 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.20 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 3 40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9 35 a m and 6 30 p m, arrives Washington 11 00 a m and 7.30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m, Sunday, 4 00 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7 10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10 25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.15 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 3:00 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9 42 a m, Rowland 10 00 a m., returning leaves Rowland 5 10 p m, arrives Dillon 6.30 p m, Latta 6.44 p m, Pee Dee 7.08 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway 2 45 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 42 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lane's 7 48 p m, leave Lanes 8.36 a m, Manning 9.06 a m, arrive Sumter 9.35 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7 55 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 9.14 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday 8 55 a m, arrive Darlington 9 28 a m, Cheraw 10 40 a m. Wadesboro 2 25 p m, leave Florence daily except Sunday 8.10 p m, arrive Darlington 8.40 p m, Hartsville 9 35 p m, Bennettsville 9 36 p m, Gibson 10 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9 a m, arrive Darlington 9.27 a m, Hartsville 10 10 a m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6 15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7 40 a m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday 6 30 a m, arrive Darlington 7 15 a m, leave Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 15 a m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3 p m, Cheraw 5 15 p m, Darlington 6 29 p m, arrive Florence 7 00 a m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only 7 a m, Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 10 a m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.06 p m, 11.16 p m, arrive Selma 3.00 p m, Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.50 p m, Fayetteville 4.40 p m, 1.14 a m, Rowland 6.10 p m, returning leave Rowland 10.00 a m, Fayetteville 11.20 a m, 10.20 p m, Dunn 12.07 p m, Smithfield 12.48 p m, Selma 1.00 p m, arrive Wilson 1.42 p m, 12.10 a m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4 40 a m, Creston 5 32 a m, arrive Denmark 6 30 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4 55 p m, Creston 5 47 p m, Sumter 6 40 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 a m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m; arrives Creston 3 50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.45 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.45 p m, Returning leave Lucknow 6.05 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliott 8.25 a m and 3.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. au 1 tf

Wilmington & Newbern R. R.

In Effect Sunday, August 1, 1897

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND *6	NORTH BOUND †8	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND †7	SOUTH BOUND †5
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
	2 00	Lv...Walnut street...Ar	12 40	
7 00	2 10	Lv....Surry street....Ar	12 30	3 25
9 50		Ar..Jacksonville......Lv		12 05
11 00	3 58	Lv " Ar	10 43	10 35
11 58	4 30	Lv..Maysville.........Lv	10 09	9 18
12 30	4 44	Lv..Pollocksville.....Lv	9 55	8 50
1 30	5 2[illegible]	Ar..Newbern.........Lv	9 20	8 00
P M	P M		A M	

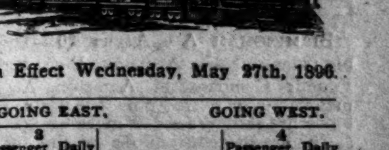
Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains.
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
†Daily except Sunday.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

au 1 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.



In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST. 3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 20	Goldsboro	11 25	....
....	4 12	Kinston	10 32	....
5 15	5 25	Newbern	9 17	9 32
6 37	6 42	Morehead City	8 02	8 07
P. M	P M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 a. m., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

S. L. DILL, Sup't.

ma 27 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 1, 1897

PENNSYLVANIA DEMOCRATS.

Nominations by the State Convention—Harrity Refuses to Surrender—The Platform.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

READING, PA., August 31.—The Democratic State convention met in this city to-day and nominated Walter E Ritter, of Lycoming county, for auditor general and M. E. Brown, of Blairsville, for State treasurer. The matter of the selection of candidates was entirely overshadowed by the fight to force the retirement of Wm. F. Harrity from the national committee. The opponents of Mr. Harrity succeeded in pushing through by a vote of 990 to 184 a resolution endorsing Jas. M. Guffey for his position. Mr. Harrity's friends contend that the State convention has no power to declare his seat in the national committee vacant, and that he will not surrender without a fight.

The morning session of the convention ended with a disgraceful row, during which some delegates who did not like the way things were going, climbed upon the stage and exchanged blows. A large detachment of policemen was on hand in the afternoon and everything was serene.

The platform congratulates William J. Bryan "the glorious champion of a righteous cause" for his masterly leadership in support of Democratic principles, condemns the Dingley tariff bill and sympathizes with Cuba and the striking coal miners. The section in regard to finance is as follows:

"We, the Democrats of Pennsylvania, in convention assembled, heartily reaffirm and reiterate the principles of the Democratic party, expressed in the platform adopted by the National Convention at Chicago in 1896 and approved by 6,500,000 free and independent voters. We are firmly and unalterably opposed to the single gold standard, which has been the direct cause of the financial distress that has followed upon our people since its adoption, and we are in favor of a complete and immediate return to our original specie basis as it existed prior to the demonetization of silver."

COTTON AND TOBACCO.

Condition of Crops As Report d by the U. S. Weather Bureau.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 31.—The Weather Bureau, in its report of crop conditions for the week ended at 8 a. m. August 30th, says:

While the general absence of rain in the Southern States has been very favorable for cotton picking, which is becoming general over the Southern portions of the cotton belt, the crop has not made favorable progress, although doing well in some sections. In Georgia, Mississippi, Virginia and portions of North Carolina cotton is generally doing well, but in other portions of the cotton region complaints of rust, shedding and insects continue, though somewhat less numerous than in the preceding week. In Texas recent rains have improved late cotton and have started the "top" crop, but more rain is needed. In central and southern Texas the crop is well advanced, but over the northern part of the State it is from two to three weeks late.

Tobacco has not improved in Kentucky, where the outlook is less encouraging than previously reported.

GOV. O'FERRALL, OF VIRGINIA,

Will Not Support the State Democratic Ticket Nominated at Roanoke.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 31.—The *Post* will to-morrow print a lengthy and important interview with Governor Charles T. O'Ferrall, of Virginia, who last Fall declined to support the nominees and platform of the Chicago Convention and who is the recognized head of the gold Democrats in Virginia. Gov. O'Ferrall talks with plainness as to his present position and his future action. He announces his determination not to support, under present coaditions, the Democratic State ticket recently nominated at Roanoke, and gives his reasons for reaching this decision. He criticises in emphatic language the conduct of the leaders at that convention for endorsing the Chicago platform and also pays his respects to the free silver Democrats who have made him a target for abuse, claiming that they have taken advantage of his position, knowing that he could not answer them, and charging them with attempting to seek notoriety through hurling epithets at him.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

The Tone Continues Firm—An Increase in Prices of Prints Expected.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 31.—The dry goods market shows no change, though the tone was well sustained in nearly all grades. The demand for staple cottons is as pronounced as in the late past and prices are as firm. The spot buying is scarcely as pronounced in any grade, but mail orders are still of fair proportions. Print cloths are again firm without change of moment. The quotation is still 2¾c for spot extras, with contracts refused at that figure. Prints have not yet been advanced in any grade. Nevertheless there is great strength in all the staple grades and the impression prevails that speedy increases in prices are imminent.

GREATER NEW YORK.

Seth Low Candidate of the Citizens Union for Mayor.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

The executive committee of the Citizens Union, at a meeting held to-day decided to formally announce in the name of the organization the nomination of Seth Low, President of the Columbia College, as its candidate for the first mayor of Greater New York to morrow. The announcement will not be made until after the second meeting of Lemuel E Quigg's conference committee, which thus far the representatives of the Citizens Union have refused to attend, although they have friends among the regular Republicans.

A $2,000,000 PLANT BURNS.

Alabama Iron-Works Destroyed—800 Men Made Idle.

BIRMINGHAM Ala., August 30—The big plant of the Anniston Pipe and Foundry Company, at Anniston, Ala., manufacturers of iron pips, was destroyed by fire early yesterday morning.

The fire started from one of the furnaces, it is thought. The loss is nearly $2,000,000, with partial insurance. Eight hundred men are thrown out of work.

The plant was one of the largest in the South. It is understood that it will be rebuilt immediately in Birmingham.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

LABOR CONFERENCE.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED AT THE MEETING IN ST. LOUIS.

Relief Measures for Striking Miners—Convention to be Held in Chicago—Address by Labor Agitator Eugene Debs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, August 31.—The committee on resolutions of the convention of labor leaders completed its task this morning and at 10 o'clock the platform was presented to the convention. The resolutions are as follows:

Resolved, That we hereby set apart Friday, the 3rd day of September, 1897, as a "good Friday" for the cause of suffering labor in America and contribute the earnings of that day to the support of our struggling brothers—the miners—and appeal to every union man and every friend of labor throughout the country to do likewise.

Resolved, If the strike of the miners is not settled by September 20th, 1897, and announcement made to that effect by the President of the United Mine Workers, a general convention be held at Chicago on Monday, September 27th, 1897, by the representatives of all unions, sections, branches, lodges and kindred organizations of laboring men and friends of their cause, for the purpose of considering further measures in the interests of the striking miners and labor in general.

Resolved, That we consider the use of the ballot as the best and safest means for the amelioration of the hardships under which the laboring class suffers.

Resolved, That the public ownership of railroads and telegraphs is one of the most necessary reforms for our body politic.

Resolved, That we most emphatically protest against goverament by injunction, which plays havoc with even such political liberty as working men have saved from the steady encroachment of capitalism; and be it finally

Resolved, That no nation in which the people are totally disarmed can long remain a free nation, and therefore we urge her to obey article 9 of the constitution of the United States, which reads as follows: "The right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed."

DEBS' ADDRESS.

When Eugene V. Debs was called upon, his appearance was the signal for loud applause. Mr. Debs said: "I believe the gravity of the industrial situation in this country is well understood. It is quite evident the delegates to this convention are cognizant of the fact that civil liberty is dead in America. I have said, and say again for the last time, I have appealed to the courts for justice and shall appeal to them no more. The A. R U. expended forty five thousand dollars to have the question of civil rights tested in the Supreme Courts of the United States only to be told that we have no rights that capital was bound to respect. Shall we appeal to the Supreme Courts again? No. We appeal to this convention and to the country for an uprising of all the common people in every walk of life to beat back the courts and re-enthrone the rights of the American people. Labor day is near. What shall we do? I predict, my friends, that we will see the extraordinary spectacle of enslaved labor rattling its chains and dancing to the music. From the justice of the peace to the Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, all the judicial powers of the United States are directed against labor. All the organized sources of society are against labor, and if labor expects to emancipate itself, labor itself must do it."

Mr. Debs then told the convention that much destitution existed among the miners of the once proud State of Indiana, and stated that one thousand under-ground workers and their families were starving. He read the report of the commission appointed by Governor Mount to examine into the condition of the miners of Indiana, and then took up the thread of his argument.

"The time has not quite come to incite the populace," said Mr. Debs, shaking his fist vehemently. "I serve notice on the plutocratic element of this country that we are on the eve of another meeting in Chicago, which will be attended by all branches of labor. That convention will take up these same questions, and will institute agitation and keep it going until the public conscience and public heart are aroused. Then will come such an uprising as the world has never seen.

"I did not come to this convention to exploit social democracy or any other movement. There is something greater in this movement than any one element can manage—the emancipation of labor. There is no division here. Each man is entitled to his own opinion and his right to express it; each man to his duty as becomes that man. I am a trades unionist and a socialist. [Tremendous cheering.] Whenever the trades unions of this country decide to do battle with our common enemy, they can count upon us to come to the front and take our places with them and fight with them.

"Never in my life have I been more hopeful than now. I am not gifted with great visionary powers, but I can see the beginning of the end. [Cheers.] This meeting is an inspiration. It will lead to great results. This movement has attained tremendous impetus and will go ahead with a rush. When the people are ready, and that day is not far off, my friends, there will be a spontaneous uprising, the Supreme Courts will be abolished, Congress dispersed and the sacred rights of American citizens and American freedmen will be enthroned. [Great applause.]

"I plead guilty to the charge of being radical. I only wish you would allow me to be more radical still. Support us, gentlemen of the convention, and I promise you we will support the attempt to abolish government by injunction and the judges who issue them.

"On bearing arms: I hope in the march of common intelligence we will reach a point where we will be able to solve these difficulties without appealing to the sword or bullet. I cannot tell. Certain there are thousands of our fellow citizens suffering and certain this cannot last. The time will come to incite the populace.

"When this time comes you can depend on me. [Cheers.] I will not stand in the rear and ask you to go ahead. I will be in front and say to you, 'Come on.' [Renewed cheering.] I shrink from that bloodshed," and Mr. Debs paused impressively, "but if this is necessary to preserve liberty and our rights—in that event I will shed the last drop of blood that courses through my veins. [Outbreak of cheering.]

"Plutocracy cannot buy me; they may send me to jail; may ostracise me or may hang me; but, in the language of revolutionary heroes, I do not propose to part company with my self-respect, independence and manhood. We no longer have a Republic. There is not a vestige of it left. The judiciary of this country has placed a padlock on my lips, forbidden me to walk on public highways and destroyed all of my rights. I submit because you compelled me to. I am helpless. I appeal to you and to the country to come to the front, take this cause to heart and the questions will then be solved. I will be free and so will you.

"The people are ripe for a great change. All they lack is direction and leadership. Let this conference supply it. Let this conference set the pace. Announce to the world that it will temporarily adjourn for three weeks to renew preparations. Ask every man to pledge himself to be there. Come if you have to walk. No man has a right to plead poverty."

Mr. Debs went over the conditions existing in Pennsylvania, and when he finished with that State took up West Virginia. West Virginia, he said, had more government to the square inch than any State in the Union, and that meant less liberty. The less government the more liberty—the only perfect government was no government at all. In conclusion, Mr. Debs said:

"My friends, assert yourselves; enforce your cause. Let every man who can be as good as his word stand erect."

Nearly every delegate in the convention rose to his feet and cheered the speaker. He went on: "The significance of this movement portends new and important developments along the line of battle. I look forward to the time when the people will dethrone the power that has enslaved them. The movement is marching grandly forward and plutocracy will soon understand that slavery and despotism have no rights to a place on American soil."

As Mr. Debs finished, the delegates rose to their feet, jumped in the air, threw their hats in the air, and crowded forward to greet the speaker. Chairman Pomeroy pounded vigorously for order, but it was fully five minutes before the convention recovered from the spell which Mr. Debs' oratory had cast about it.

It has been agreed that the basis of representation at the Chicago convention should be one delegate to each local labor organization and two from each congressional district, every man to be a wage earner. The chair appointed Messrs. Mahon, Debs, Sovereign, Donnelly and O'Connell as a committee to arrange for the Chicago convention and inform the convention that any money intended as contributions for the striking miners should be sent to Secretary Pearce, of the United Mine Workers at Columbus, Ohio.

Notwithstanding the convention early in the morning had declined to act on President Ratchford's resolution requesting McKinley to convene Congress for the purpose of defining the authority of Judges in the matter of injunctions, a resolution to that effect but requiring the chairman of the convention to act in that direction, introduced by W. D. Ryan, the Illinois organizer, went through with a whoop, and shortly before 7 o'clock the convention adjourned *sine die*.

ANOTHER BOMB EXPLOSION

Greeted the Return of President Faure to Paris—Nobody Injured.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PARIS, Aug. 31.—President Faure arrived from Dunkirk at 6 o'clock this evening. After listening to short speeches of welcome, the President entered a landau and proceeded to the Elysee palace, by way of the Rue la Fayette, the Opera, the Madeleine and the Place de Laconcorde. Enormous crowds of people lined the route and the President was warmly acclaimed. All the balconies were filled with spectators and the waving of handkerchiefs and flags was to be seen on all sides.

Ten minutes after the President had passed the Madelaine, a bomb exploded inside the railings around the church. Two arrests followed immediately and the railed enclosure was closed by the police, who began an active investigation into the outrage.

Nobody was injured by the explosion, but the affair, following as closely upon others of a similar nature, caused the greatest excitement.

The persons inside the railings of the Madeleine were minutely examined by the police before they were allowed to leave.

The fragments of the bomb found by the police resemble those exploded in the Bois de Boulogne on June 18th last, and on the Place de Laconcorde on June 16th last. It consisted of an iron tube filled with explosives and loaded with nails.

S. C. SENATORSHIP.

Indications That McLaurin Will be Nominated by a Considerable Majority.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, S. C., August 31—From returns received up to 10 o'clock to-night McLaurin will be nominated for Senator by a considerable majority over Evans and Irby. Evans will double Irby's vote.

COLUMBIA, S. C., August 31.—A light vote was polled in the Senatorial primary in South Carolina to day, probably not exceeding sixty thousand. Last year in the contest between Judge Earl and Governor Evans eighty-six thousand votes were polled.

The latest returns covering all accessible points to-night give McLaurin, 19,853; Evans, 6,230; Irby, 3,570; majority for McLaurin of 10,353. This may not be materially increased, but it is too great to be overcome by returns from the back districts yet to come.

STRIKERS AND MINERS.

Battle Near Washington, Indiana—A Number of Men Painfully Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOUISVILLE, August 31.—A special from Washington, Ind., says: One hundred strikers met a crowd of miners, accompanied by the mine superintendent, Frank Strasser, on the way to start the mine this morning. A battle with rocks, fists and clubs took place between the men just outside the city limits, and a number were painfully injured. Superintendent Strasser's scalp was cut from a blow with a club and he was bruised about the body from the rocks. He and his men were followed to the town by the angry strikers. No arrests have been made.

WARM WIRELETS

Spanish Consul Gomisez thinks that the proposed army of volunteers numbering two hundred men and three car loads of guns and ammunition which was to leave Chicago yesterday for Cuba, has been abandoned.

The steamer Potomac, of the Weems Line, ran into and sunk the schooner Three Brothers, near Seven Foot Knoll, yesterday morning. Capt. Hart, of the schooner, was drowned and four of the crew were rescued by the steamboat.

The vessels of the white squadron, which have been at Bar Harbor since last week, sailed for Southern waters yesterday. Hampton Roads is understood to be their destination, where the fleet will at once begin its Fall evolutions.

The Spanish Government is formulating a plan to bring about the banishment of all Anarchists from Spain. It is announced in Madrid that Anarchists will no longer be allowed to land in England, and that therefore the Government of Spain must deport them to some American Republic or to a distant possession."

PROTECT YOURSELF against sickness and suffering by keeping your blood rich and pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Weak, thin, impure blood is sure to result in disease.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy to operate. Cure indigestion, biliousness. 25c. †

COAL MINERS' STRIKE.

EXPECTED SETTLEMENT OF THE LABOR TROUBLE.

Considered as Settled at Columbus, Ohio—National President Ratchford Denies the Report—Strikers at Pittsburg Organizing a New Plan of Campaign.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBUS, O., August 31.—The coal strike is considered settled here. The plan is to resume at 64 cents and work pending arbitration. The direct parties in this conference of adjustment are President Ratchford, of the United Mine Workers, and the executive committee of the operators. A number of the latter were in the city to-day, and the result is that a decision may be looked for almost at any moment. The direct effect of this decision will be the opening of the mines and the resumption of work by all the striking miners the beginning of the coming week.

PITTSBURG, August 31.—At the Monongahela house, the headquarters of the operators in this city, the news of the expected settlement of the miners strike was not at first received with incredulity. It was an unlooked for thing and not one of the operators present could believe the report until confirmative news was obtained from Cleveland.

No detailed information was received by any of the Pittsburg operators, either from Cleveland, St. Louis or Columbus and consequently they could not say whether the rate said to have been agreed upon was uniform or not.

In answer to a telegram this evening, National President Ratchford telegraphed the *Post* from St. Louis, saying: "Information from Columbus incorrect."

A new plan of campaign is now being formulated. What the proposed changes are could not be learned, but from a reliable source is given the fact that the entire situation will be changed in this district before the close of the week. The camps at the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal Company's plant will be continued.

National Organizer Cameron Miller, who with District Secretary Warner has assumed charge of the strike during President Dolan's absence, said this morning that the situation throughout the entire district looked very favorable to-day. He has arranged for a number of meetings in the district. These will be held before the contemplated change in the campaign is put into effect.

THE HANGING OF BRODIE.

A Number of Persons from Raleigh Will Attend the Execution—Colored Boy Injured—Other Raleigh News Items.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Aug. 31.

Col. A. W. Shaffer, the surveyor to the State Board of Health, went to Goldsboro to day for the purpose of making a sanitary survey of the city.

Col. A. B. Andrews and family, accompanied by Mr. Henry W. Miller, left this afternoon on Col. Andrews' private car for the Pacific coast, where they will be absent for a month. Miss Janie and Col. Andrews' four sons, Wm. J., A. B., Jr., John and Graham, will also make the trip.

Mr. Wayland Dowd, the local agent who is selling Dowd's Life of Vance, has disposed of over 200 copies.

The Populist Executive Committee will likely put a number of speakers on the stump this Fall. Hal Aver has been to Tarboro counselling with Chairman Fortune, and it was deemed well to do something to mend the fences of the party, which are generally conceded to be in bad shape.

A number of persons here will go to Henderson to-morrow to witness the hanging of Brodie.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Chas. Warren, a seventeen-year-old colored boy, fell between cars of a moving train at the Seaboard railroad depot this evening, and had both legs amputated below the knee. He will not live.

Several persons here are losers by Cuthbert & Co.'s failure.

A handsome young woman whose name is unknown, killed herself yesterday in the Victoria hotel, Chicago, where she was a guest. The suicide was evidently carried out with the utmost deliberation as the young woman had evidently slept in the the bed during the night, taken a bath in the morning, made up the bed, and then swallowed morphine and lay down to die.

Two negroes, while engaged with others in the work of making an excavation for heating apparatus at the hotel Jefferson, Richmond, Va., were killed by a caving in of earth upon them.

The more I live, the more I love this lovely world; feel more its Author in each little thing—in all that's great. But yet I feel my immortality the more.—Theodore Parker.

A man's full mental power is not reached before the age of 25, and the development of talent is most marked between the ages of 30 and 45 years.

You may depend upon it that he is a good man whose intimate friends are all good and whose enemies are decidedly bad.—Lavater.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Waste, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

To My Friends and Patrons—I will remove my Confectionery Store the latter part of this week to a more commodious stand, No. 27 South Front street where I will keep on hand a fresh stock of Candies, Fruits, etc., Thanking my customers for their liberal patronage in the past and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain A. S. Winstead. Gilbert's old stand. au 22 tf

Just Received—The fourth invoice of that Fine Coffee, the Coronation Blend, the same as was served at the Banquet of the Carolina Yacht Club. Goods always fresh and the best, at the Atlantic Tea Co., Front and Market streets. au 22 tf

Ship your Beef Cattle, Milch Cows, Sheep and all kinds Produce to M. C. Benson, No. 5 South Water street, for best prices and prompt returns. au 6 tf

Cash be found at 18 Market street, J. J. Shepard, Proprietor. By to-day's steamer 100 Ladies' Wrappers, nice goods, black and colors. Mosquito Nets and Canopies, Piano Covers, Table Covers, White Decks, Lawns, &c., at bargains. Come quick. au 5 tf

Wanted—High-grade man of good church standing to act as Local Manager and State Correspondent here, after having thoroughly learned our business; salary $600 if qualified; Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope to A. T. Rider, Genera Manager, care DAILY STAR. au 4 tf

Wanted—High-grade woman of good church standing to act as Local Manager and State Correspondent here, after having thoroughly learned our business; salary $600 if qualified. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope to A. T. Rider, Genera Manager, care DAILY STAR. au 4 tf

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 99. mar 13 tf

Hayden, F. Bro., are in stock bargains, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. ott

We Are Offering

THE VERY BEST

PIANOS AND ORGANS

At Extremely Low Figures.

Take Advantage of Low Prices

before the advance in price, which will be made in the next 30 days.

E. VAN LAER,

an 26 tf 418 and 404 North Fourth Street.

Liverpool and American

SALT.

Any weight sacks, coarse or fine, fresh packing. A large stock

Bagging and Ties,

which we offer at lowest market prices.

Groceries

In quantities sufficient to fill orders promptly. Correspondence solicited.

Hall & Pearsall,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

au 10 DaW tf

SUMMER RESORTS.

Hotel Townsend,

RED SPRINGS, N. C.

GREAT REDUCTION IN RATES FOR three months from August 15th; $7.00 per week or $25 00 by the month.

The wonderful waters from the Springs are unsurpassed for kidney and stomach troubles.

Hunting reserve has been secured for over 100,000 acres of fine hunting lands near here. For further information address L. A. LYON, Prop or H. E. THOMPSON, M'g'r, Red Springs, N. C. au 19 Dim WSw

Claremont Summer Resort,

HICKORY, N. C.

The location is a noted health resort; chalybeate water; cool nights with mountain breeze; altitude 1200; elegant three-story brick building; twenty acre yard covered with native forest trees; a delightful resort with pure mountain air and water. Rates reasonable. Write for particulars.

S. P. HATTON, Proprietor.

je 29 26t

A Palace in the Mountains.

"For beauty of architecture and clearance of equipment 'The Alleghany,' at Goshen Bridge, Va., has not a rival among the summer resort hotels of America. Located in the heart of the Alleghanies, where the climate is always cool and invigorating, amidst scenery of wondrous beauty, its advantages as a summer home are unequaled."

Sulphur, Alum and Chalybeate Waters.

je 13 2m J. C. S. TIMBERLAKE.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

PEACE Institute FOR YOUNG LADIES, RALEIGH, N. C.

Excellent buildings and beautiful grounds in a Healthful Location with splendid climate.

STANDS AT THE VERY FRONT IN FEMALE EDUCATION.

Thorough in its Courses. High in its Standard. Unsurpassed in its high moral tone and in its intellectual and social influences.

Twenty-one officers and teachers. Very reasonable prices. Send for catalogue. je 30 tf

William and Mary College,

Williamsburg, Va.

BOARD FROM $12.00 TO $15.00 PER MONTH. Tuition fee for the half session $17.50. Medical fee $3.00. Contingent fee $3.00. Students willing to teach two years in the public schools pay only medical and contingent fees, and are charged $10 a month for board, fuel, lights and washing. Full collegiate course. Next session begins October 7th, 1897. Send for catalogue. LYON G. TYLER, M. A., LL. D., jy 16 2m fr tu fr President.

Edgeworth Boarding and Day School

For Girls. Re-opens September 23, 1897. 35th year. Mrs. H. P. LEFEVRE, Principal. Miss E. D. HUNTLEY, Associate Principal. 122 and 124 W. Franklin Street, Baltimore, Md. jy 24 2m au we

NOTRE DAME OF MARYLAND,

Charles Street Ave., Baltimore, Md.

College for Young Women and Preparatory School for Girls. Regular and Elective Courses. Extensive Grounds. Location Unsurpassed. Suburb of Baltimore. Spacious Buildings completely Equipped jy 24 2m au we su

EPISCOPAL HIGH SCHOOL

FOR BOYS,

NEAR ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA.

The 59th Year Opens Sept. 22, 1897.

Illustrated catalogue sent on application.

L. M. BLACKFORD, M. A., Principal.

jy 21 2m we su

Who Wants to Buy?

2,000 Bushels Corn.
800 Boxes Tobacco (great bargain).
400 cases Starch (Celluloid & Lump).
300 Boxes Soap (Toilet & Laundry).
100 Barrels Pocket Salt.
125 doz. Mexican Mustang Liniment.

All of these going with stacks of other goods not mentioned, at a close margin. I ask buyers to get my prices. D. L. GORE, Wholesale Grocer.

Wilmington, N. C. au 19 tf

Commissioner's Sale.

Mary Swain et al.
vs.
Antonio Swain et al.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court in the above entitled cause to me directed, the undersigned Commissioner will expose for sale to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction, on Tuesday, the 7th day of September, at 12 o'clock M., in front of the Court House, in the city of Wilmington, N. C., the following described lot of Land: That lot in said city, beginning at a point in the western line of Fifth street 66 feet north of the northern line of Bladen street, runs thence northwardly with the said line of Fifth street 66 feet, thence westwardly parallel with Bladen street 165 feet, thence south parallel with Sixth street 66 feet, thence east 165 feet to the beginning. JAS. W. SNEEDEN, au 18 30t Commissioner.

Cowan's News Depot,

NO. 17 PRINCESS STREET, TWO DOORS west of the National Bank of Wilmington. New York and other leading Daily Papers, latest Magazines, Periodicals and other publications always on hand. Give us your orders. For finest nickel and dime Cigars in town, call at the Depot. au 22 tf

Prempert's Barber Shop,

NO. 11 SOUTH FRONT STREET, FIRST-class Work at Reasonable Prices. Give us a call.

Respectfully, ARTHUR PREMPERT

je 30 tf

Bargains.

If you are not in need of the following items at present, it will pay you to buy them and lay them away until next year.

Dress Goods were 10c yard, only a small lot at 5c yard.

A splendid White Lawn 5c yard.

Few $1.00 Shirt Waists, well made and very neat patterns, only 50c.

Different sizes in Tan Shoes and Slippers at cost and less than cost.

Few Crash Suits at $2.00 and 3.50; were $5.00 and 6.50.

Straw Hats at 25, 35 and 50c; were 50, 75c, $1 and 1.50.

New line of best Percales just received at 10c yard.

Scrims, Pat. Seam Drawers, regular price $1.75, now 75c.

New Arrivals.

Pretty Percales, best grade 10c yard.

NEW LACES—Splendid line of Torchorn's Vallencines, and at special prices.

New stock of Window Shades 10c and upward.

Pretty new Lace Fringe 50 and 75 cents.

Rugs, Rugs, Rugs.

Cheapest and prettiest line ever shown, and lots of other goods at

J. H. REHDER & CO.'S,

Near Fourth Street Bridge.
Bell Phone 118. Inter-State 218.
Car fare paid on purchases of $2 and up. au 22 tf

J. W. Murchison,

Wholesale and Retail Hardware Dealer.

AGENT FOR

Laflin & Rand Powder,

Howe Scales, Richmond Stoves and

CAPITOLA

THE VERY BEST QUALITY.

THE VERY LATEST DESIGN.

Steel Ranges.

J. W. Murchison,

Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C. au 15 tf

WORTH & WORTH

OFFER FOR SALE

Best Quality, Full Meight

Flour, Bacon, Sugar,

Lard, Molasses,

MEAL, SALT, LIME, CEMENT,

Plaster, Hay, Corn, Hoop Iron,

OATS, RIVETS, GLUB.

Bagging and Ties

AT Low Prices.

au 13 tf Wilmington, N. C.

FOR SALE!

Machine-Made Spirit Barrels.

Made from the best thoroughly seasoned and selected

White Oak Timber.

Our experience of thirty-one years in manufacturing cooperage for the trade enables us to turn out barrels of correct gauge and guaranteed first class in every particular. Your patronage solicited.

The Geo. L. Morton Co.

y 4 1m

J. L. HILL

Printing Company's

Directory of Wilmington,

1897.

Containing a general business and street directory.

Price $3.00.

For sale by C. W. Yates & Co.

J. L. HILL PRINTING COMPANY,

Owner and Publishers,
my 21 tf Richmond, Va.

For Rent.

TWO-STORY DWELLING ON North-east corner Tenth and Princess streets. Building and fencing in good condition. Good water.

Two houses, four rooms each, on Eighth between Church and Castle streets. Good water and plenty of yard room. D. O'CONNOR, au 1 tf Real Estate Agent.

AN EARLY FALL.

We expect an early Fall. Our DRESS GOODS for Fall and Winter have arrived and are decidedly the prettiest Patterns we have ever shown. Everything is new, in style and fabric. England and France divide honors this season, and the modesty of one mingles with the gayety of the other.

NEW WEAVES FOR FALL OF 1897.

These goods are now in stock and we urge our customers to call and select patterns before they are "PICKED OVER."

DRAP D' ETE, a beautiful fabric with the soft twill of the Henrietta on one side and the appearance of Ladies' Cloth on the other.

E'PINGLES.—The heavy twill-characteristic of the old Irish Poplins is noticeable in this fabric, and there is one thing sure, nothing wears better.

"EUDORA" Silk Warp. You must call for this weave and examine in order to appreciate it

VENETIAN CLOTH—Like Venice, is beautiful, and the price is moderate and within the reach of all.

PAGUIN' SERGE—Another new weave, different from anything you have seen. It's an innovation bound to awaken the admiration and bring forth exclamations of delight from womankind.

Bayadere Effects, Broadcloths, Novelty Checks and Plaids in all colors.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK,

No. 29 North Front St.

au 29 tf

THE COST IS NOT CONSIDERED.

WE OFFER

A solid Black Walnut Ladies' Sewing Rocker for $1.50.

A High Back Hand Carved Oak Leather Seat Polished Dining Chair for $1.55.

A High Back Carved Wood Seat Diner for 50 cents.

A Polished Oak Leather Seat Rocker for $2 65.

Walnut Sideboards and Wardrobes at manufacturers' prices.

"Seeing is believing."—Come see.

THE SNEED CO.,

116 Market Street,
Wilmington, N. C.

Special attention to mail orders. au 24 tf

Statement of The National Bank of Wilmington,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Condensed from Report to the Comptroller, FRIDAY, JULY 23, 1897.

ASSETS,		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$381,344 34	Capital Stock	$100,000 00
Bank Building	23,000 00	Surplus	11,500 00
Recempt on Fund with U. S. Treasurer	2 250 00	Undivided Profits	1,015 69
U. S. Bonds	50,000 00	Dividends Unpaid	330 00
Premium on U. S. Bonds	5,437 50	Circulation	45,000 00
Stocks, Securities, etc.	4,993 60	Deposits	372,822 48
Over Drafts	82 14		
Due from Banks	34,499 14		
Cash and Reserve	128,597 15		
	$630,668 17		$530,668 17

No Interest Paid on Deposits. Loans Made at the Lowest Rates on Approved Security. Collections a Specialty, and Remitted for Promptly at Lowest Rates

JOHN S. ARMSTRONG, PRESIDENT. F. R. HAWES, CASHIER.

jy 28 tf

TRUE ECONOMY LEADS TO WEALTH.

Why pay $4 to $5 per cord for wood when for $4.50 you can get nearly twice the value of the wood in coal?

BANNER COAL

We claim is superior to all other Bituminous Coals for Domestic uses.

Points of Superiority

It is the lowest in percentage of ash.
Burns freely, but lasts well, keeping fire over night.
Is the most economical.

NO OFFENSIVE ORDERS. NO CLINKERS.

Try it and you will have no other.

We are prepared to furnish any quantity and to enter into contracts for year's supply.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephone 94. Inter-State Telephone 146.

au 28 tf

Stencil Cutting.

Stencil Cutting.

We Make a Specialty of All Kinds of

TIN AND COPPER STENCILS

—FOR—

Marking Cotton,
Packing Cases,
Barrels, &c.

OWEN F. LOVE & CO

jy 23 tf

Make Your Idle Money Work for You by Depositing it in

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company.

The next interest quarter will begin September 1st. Deposits made on or before that day begin to bear interest the 1st day of September at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.

Every clerk and mechanic in Wilmington should have a nest egg in the Wilmington Savings & Trust Company. au 22 tf

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Makes liberal loans to customers desiring money with which to help move the cotton and tobacco crops, when good security is offered. Every accommodation consistent with security and reasonable profits accorded in all branches of banking.

Promptness and accuracy guaranteed. No interest paid on deposits.